

MAKE THIS A NEWSY PAPER
BY GIVING US ALL YOUR
NEWS ITEMS EACH WEEK

THE NEWS-BULLETIN



Saturday 7 rain and warmer; 8
rain and warmer; 9 local rain; 10
fair; 11 s. w. winds; 12 fair; 13
rain;

THE NEWS-BULLETIN PHONE
No. 15 MOKENA 6-J

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MOKENA, ILLINOIS FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1928.

\$1.50 per year in advance

Dept. of Agriculture Head Explains Why Pig Report Benefits

Editor, Mokena News-Bulletin
Mokena, Illinois.

Dear Sir:-
Through the postmistress of Mokena has come to me a clipping from your issue of June 8th, giving a letter from "A Farmer" dealing with the pig survey report made by the Department of Agriculture in co-operation with the Postoffice Department through the rural mail carriers. This letter from "A Farmer" was written in criticism of an article in your paper captioned "Ask Carriers Aid in Pig Report" and conveyed the opinion that farmers should not give this information to the rural carriers or assist the Department in securing information as to the number of hogs on farms or the size of the pig crop.

This letter states first "Just why any busy farmer should devote even a few minutes of his valuable time to answering questions of such nature, has never been fully explained," and further on it states "The observing farmer has long ago noticed that at about the time he is ready to market a certain crop, reports are often broadcast through leading newspapers to the effect that there exists a great over-supply of wheat, corn, oats, pork, or whatever it may be we then have to sell. These false reports serve their purpose for our marketable produce".

It is to answer the first statement as to why farmers should give this information and to refute the implication of the second statement that this letter is written.
The Department of Agriculture depends upon reports from farmers for its information upon crop and livestock production. If all farmers should refuse to furnish such information the Department could issue no reports on crop conditions or estimates of crop and livestock production. The trade in agricultural products would then have to depend upon estimates made by private organizations for such information. It hardly need be argued that such reports would be neither as exact nor as unbiased as reports made by a disinterested public organization. Estimates of this kind will be made whether the government makes them or not. If they are government reports they are available to everyone and their general dependability is thoroughly established. Private reports are for the benefit of the people who pay to have them made. At present their accuracy is measured by how close they approximate the government reports. If there were no government reports there would be no measure of their accuracy.

As an answer to the second statement, I enclose you herewith a copy of the pig survey report just issued. It is based upon the reports received from over 100,000 farmers. The Illinois report is based upon a tabulation of reports from over 5,000 Illinois farmers. This report shows a 7 per cent decrease in the spring pig crop, equivalent to about 4,000,000 head of pigs, and a probable reduction in the fall pig crop. This report has been published in papers all over the United States and has been broadcast from many of the leading radio stations. All farmers interested in hog production now have this information. This report hardly answers the description contained in the letter from "A Farmer" of one "to the effect that there exists a great over supply of pork". It will probably be four or five months before "A Farmer's" spring pigs are ready for sale, but he knows now what the size of that crop was. This makes it possible for him to reach an informed decision whether to push his pigs on high priced old corn for the September or early October market, or to carry them along as cheaply as possible until new corn is available and depend upon the December or January markets. It also may help him to decide as to the number of sows he should keep for farrowing fall pigs.

Within a few weeks the Department of Agriculture will issue a Hog Outlook Report based upon the results of this survey and all available information as to production in competing foreign countries, probable seasonal marketings, storage supplies of hog products, prospective supplies of competing meats, and probable consumer demand. This Outlook Report will try to help farmers decide what their production and marketing policies should be.

If you consider this statement of sufficient interest to your readers to publish it, you are authorized to do so.

Very truly yours,
W. F. Callander,
Chairman, Crop Reporting Board.

Tinley Garden Club Plans Flower Show

The Tinley Park Garden Club met at the Anderson country home. A picnic luncheon was served at twelve o'clock and everyone enjoyed it immensely. June being the month of roses, table decorations were artistically carried out in that effect.

At the business meeting in the afternoon plans were discussed regarding a float in the Lions club parade July 4th. Mrs. Wm. Funk, president of the Garden club with Mrs. Florence Anderson, chairman of the committee, Mrs. Harry Mager and Mrs. Chas. Nielson devoted much of their time in an effort to make this an interesting experience and were rewarded by taking second prize. It was one of the most beautiful and artistic floats in the parade.

The committee was assisted in the work of decorating the float by Mrs. Fred Goebel, Mrs. Brueggeman, Mrs. John Funk, Mrs. Bjork, Mrs. Alice Anderson, Mrs. John Klepper, Mrs. Swisher, Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. Rogers.

The truck was loaned by Henry Bettenhausen. Our gardens were well represented with roses from Mrs. Kehres and cornflowers from Mrs. Hug. Chas. Nielsen furnished the lawn. The role of farmer and farmerette was well carried out by little Jean Henke and Richard Anderson. And last but not least, mention is due the artistic work done by Walter Goebel on the sign for the float.

There were no end of plans and interesting discussions in connection with the annual flower show in September. Mrs. Florence Anderson, chairman of the Flower Show committee, assigned committees to take charge of the various divisions.

Mrs. Walter Schaumburg resigned as secretary of the club. She was one of our very active and capable members and will be greatly missed at our gatherings. The Schaumburgs are moving to Minnesota. Mrs. Frank Baldwin was elected secretary for the balance of this term.

The club meets again with Mrs. Wallace B. Combs, vice president of the club, on July 18th at 1:30 o'clock.

Wabash Brakeman Killed at Oak Lawn

Ralph Killbourne, aged 37 years, well known to many residents in towns along the Wabash railroad south of Chicago, was killed in a rather peculiar accident last Friday evening while working on the Wabash freight local at Oak Lawn. He was riding the pilot of the engine and in attempting to hop off his jacket became caught on a projection on the pilot and he was swung against the engine, his head striking a part on the engine, causing a skull fracture. He died within half an hour after the accident.

He resided at Ashburn. He is survived by his widow, being only married since last November. Masonic funeral rites were conducted from the late home Monday afternoon. Burial took place in Mount Greenwood. Many of his masonic friends from Orland Park and other towns along the Wabash attended the funeral.

Postpone German M. E. Picnic

On account of the rain the Tinley Park German M. E. picnic which was to have been held Fourth of July afternoon and evening in Harry Brandau's orchard had to be postponed and will now be held on the afternoon and evening of Saturday, July 14th. Everybody welcome.

Fireworks Sulphur Proves Deadly

Sulphur from fireworks raised havoc with chickens on the farm of Martin Jungles west of Marley. When 17 chickens died Mrs. Jungles started investigating. Upon opening the gizzard of a chicken sulphur smoke came out revealing the cause of the sudden high death rate in the chicken family. A number of pigs on other farms were also made ill by eating scraps of fireworks.

OPENS NEW FUNERAL HOME

J. E. Mohr, formerly of Tinley Park, has opened a new funeral parlor at Midlothian.

Aviator Who Recently Put on Flying Stunt At Mokena Killed In Airplane Crash

Three persons, two men and a boy, were killed in an airplane crash at Joliet Fourth of July afternoon. Bernard Harms, a licensed pilot of Joliet who was killed in the crash, flew over Mokena several weeks ago. As he was about to hop off after landing in the Schick field north of Mokena, he ran thru two wire fences, damaging the lower wing of the plane. The plane was dismantled, the upper wing being left on the farm of J. V. Hall. Last week Mr. Harms came to get this wing saying they had repaired the damaged wing at a cost of \$250. It is understood that this is the plane that took the fatal plunge.

Mr. Harms did some flying at the Marley Fourth of July celebration and then proceeded to Joliet. He took up John Marcus Blessing, aged 15 years, a former New Lenox boy, and John W. Parks of Joliet.

He looped over Joliet and then made another loop near the Wilhelm and Harms landing field south of Joliet when the right wing broke off and the plane plunged 1,500 ft. to the earth, the motor being buried nearly six feet in the ground by the force of the drop. All three were killed, every bone in their bodies being broken. The bodies were badly mangled. The plane dropped in a field on the George Weiting farm.

The plane had been inspected Tuesday and had been declared air worthy. One significant point is that none of the three were provided with parachutes.

Stunt flying over cities and villages should be strictly prohibited, for had the plane plunged down while Harms was making a loop over Joliet, many people might have been killed or injured.

Rain Delays Laying of Paving

The rainy weather has set back paving work on route 51 and Wolf Road. Only a short strip remains to be paved on route 51 north to 143 street. After this is finished paving work will be started south toward the Lincoln Highway where the paving will end for the time being until the right of way tangle thru and around Frankfort is straightened out.

Pronger Bros., will start paving of Wolf Road as quick as the weather will permit. The material will be hauled from Alpine. The much talked of paving of Wolf Road is a reality now. The next move is to get Wolf Road paved thru to the Lincoln Highway. "Pave the gap" is the slogan of the hard road boosters.

7 Orland Youths Arrested For Laying Fireworks Barrage

For ten nights previous to the Fourth of July the residents of Orland Park thought they were residing on a battle front as a gang of boys rode up and down the streets in a car, tossing giant firecrackers and "dago" bombs on porches of residences until two o'clock in the morning. The giant fireworks often rocked the buildings. The nights were made hideous by the constant barrage and people could not sleep. The residents complained to the village officials but no action was taken.

According to a statement made to The News-Bulletin by Mayor W. R. Schussler, he together with three aldermen rounded up and arrested seven young fellows about two o'clock Fourth of July morning on disorderly conduct charges, releasing them on bonds. The seven boys are to appear in court at Blue Island Saturday afternoon at four o'clock for trial.

Marley Club to Sponsor Play

The Marley Sunday Evening club will present a 3 act comedy "Nora, Wake Up" at the Marley Community church, Friday, July 13.

Following is the cast of characters: Bridget Honora Calahan, Miss Iva Gillette; Mrs. Peggy Calahan, Mrs. Sidney Smith; Carlyle Cole-ridge, Mr. Harry Sproat; Johnny Calahan, Mr. Ted Sproat; Danny Millens, Mr. Ralph Rapson; Mrs. Edmondson, Miss Bessie Sproat; Edmond Edmondson, Mr. Homer Bush; Katie Schwartz, Miss Agnes Haley. TIME—Any summer. PLACE—Mrs. Calahan's home.

SYNOPSIS OF ACTS—ACT 1. Living room of the Calahan home. Middle of a summer morning. ACT 2. Same as in Act 1. Nora's dream the same night. ACT 3. Same as in previous acts, following morning.

RAISES GIANT GOOSEBERRIES John Liess, village treasurer of Mokena is the Champion gooseberry raiser. The other day he left some giant gooseberries at the News-Bulletin office. One of the giant berries measures 3 inches in circumference one way and 3 1/2 inches the other.

WILL DEDICATE CABIN The Boy Scout Cabin in the Camp Grounds at New Lenox is fast nearing completion and will be dedicated on Sunday afternoon, August 19th with appropriate services.

EDDIE, THE AD MAN

OLLIE GOOPS FAMILY CAT
DISAPPEARED TOTHER
DAY—OLLIE ADVERTISED
THAT HE WANTED IT BACK—
TODAY IT RETURNED, LEADING
FOUR LITTLE ONES—OUR
LIL' WANT ADS GET RESULTS!



S. W. Highway Contract To Be Let Soon Report

Bids for paving the Southwest Highway from 143rd street Orland Park to Worth on 111th street will be let sometime next week, according to Mayor W. R. Schussler of Orland Park. A contractor was in Orland last week looking over the ground preparatory to submitting his bid. It is understood that one bid on another section of the Southwest Highway was rejected by the County Board as being too high. Contracts have been let for paving the Southwest Highway at the 79th street end it is said.

For the time being the Southwest Highway will only come as far as 143rd street. The extension of the Southwest Highway to Joliet all rests with Will County. If Wolf Road is paved from the Cook and Will County line thru Mokena to the Lincoln Highway it would provide a direct connection with the Southwest Highway. Apparently the gap of three and a half miles will have to be paved by the state as the success of the proposed Will County bond issue is doubtful. The bond issue question was not brought up at the June meeting of the county board and it is said it may not come up at the September meeting.

The opinion prevails that another gas tax may be levied by the next administration in which event money would be available for paving roads without direct taxation.

I. O. S. to Hold Hop at Frankfort

The I. O. S. Odin Lodge No. 10 of Joliet and Thor No. 11 of Chicago Heights will conduct a picnic and dance at the Frankfort Industrial Club grounds on July 22, afternoon and evening.

Music by Sandberg's orchestra of Chicago. Everybody is welcome.

Lions Club Parade and Dance Went Over Big At Tinley on the Fourth

In spite of the fact that the weather man let down copious showers of dampness on the Fourth of July, the Lions Club Fourth of July celebration went over with a great bang at Tinley Park.

The weather was unsettled all day and toward evening the sun peeped thru the clouds for a brief spell. The big feature which had been so extensively advertised, namely the parade, was held just as scheduled. The line of march formed near the village hall. There were many very prettily decorated floats in the parade besides many other prettily decorated cars. The most outstanding of the floats were those of the Tinley Park Royal Neighbors, the Tinley Park Garden Club, the Tinley Park P. T. A., and the Tinley Park Boy Scouts.

A very striking feature was a comparison of the wide difference in transportation within the last 30 years. An old time horse drawn "hack" with two men seated on the high box seat took one back to the days when this mode of transportation was all the style in the big cities.

In contrast to this was a miniature airplane made by the Dini boys. The plane looked like the real thing. It was pulled behind a truck on its wheels. Just as the parade was started the wing of the plane caught on an auto bumper and tore off causing the plane to go lop sided and it was pulled out of the parade much to the disappointment of the crowd.

The streets were lined on both sides by a great crowd and every street was filled with autos until there was hardly any parking space to be found.

The line of march was from the village hall east to the Beatty Lumber yard, thence north to the school, thence west to the concrete road, thence north to Bachelor Grove where the parade turned around and headed south back to Tinley Park down to the newly paved Kirchen street, thence to Linden Garden where the parade disbanded.

Just as the parade was leaving Bachelor Grove there was a very copious downpour of rain accompanied by heavenly fireworks and all those seated on the open floats were drenched.

Following the parade a great crowd gathered at the Saenger Hall for the dance. Cars kept coming for hours afterward. The hall was literally packed with dancers and sight seers. People came from many miles around as Tinley Park was the only town that had "anything doing" that evening. A big refreshment stand in the Linden Garden was kept busy dispensing

soft drinks and candy. A number of games were also in progress in the grove even though the grass was wet. The crowd showed a real old time Fourth of July spirit which rain could not dampen.

Many of the older people said the affair reminded them of the days gone by when the Linden Garden and Saenger Hall were noted for the elaborate celebrations staged on the "glorious Fourth of July."

The Lions Club surely put Tinley Park on the map this time. They spared no effort, time or money in putting the celebration across on a big scale and in spite of the rainy weather their efforts went over big. The great crowd was enthusiastic and well pleased with the parade and the celebration in general.

Cash prizes were awarded for the best floats and the judges awarded first prize to the Tinley Park R. N. A., and second prize to the Tinley Park Garden Club.

The success of this celebration showed what can be done if the right men get into it and the right spirit of co-operation is engendered. Tinley Park is to be congratulated on having such a live wire organization as the Lions Club.

Bids on New Mokena School to Be Opened July 16

Plans for the new Mokena school building have been received by Ona E. McGovny, clerk of the school board the past week. A copy of the specifications accompanied the plans. The building will be 94 feet wide by 106 feet long, one story in height and will consist of four rooms and a gymnasium which also can be used for an auditorium. A stage will be built in. The building will be well lighted and ventilated.

The structure will be built of hollow tile, concrete, brick with Bedford stone trim.

Bids will be received and will be opened at the office of O. R. Laraway, attorney for the school board at his office in the Will County National Bank Building in Joliet, July 16th at 8 p. m. Work will be started as soon after the contract is awarded as possible. The new building will not be completed by the time school opens, but will be well along though it is thought.

Ralph E. Abell & Son of Chicago and Elgin are the architects.

It's An Old Story

Yet it's always worth repeating—this telling you to strive for FINANCIAL LIBERTY! It should be the aim of every foresighted, right-thinking man or woman! For, there's no contentment so great, no happiness so complete as knowing that you can face the uncertainties of the future without a single financial worry!

If you haven't started your battle for that FINANCIAL FREEDOM, get going now! Open a Savings Account with us today!

Orland State Bank

ORLAND PARK, ILL.
Telephone 61

KINDLING WOOD from OLD FREIGHT CARS, also BLOCKS 1, 2 and 3 feet LONG

SUITABLE FOR STOVES, FURNACES AND FIREPLACES. ALSO SECOND HAND LUMBER WHICH CAN BE USED IN BUILDING GARAGES, BARNs, FENCES, CRIBS, ETC. A VISIT TO US WILL SAVE YOU AT LEAST 50 PER CENT IN BUILDING COSTS.

BLUE ISLAND, ILLINOIS
139th St. 1 Block East of Western
Avenue—Phone B. I. 157

B RIGGS & TURIVAS

CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILLINOIS
17th St. & Wentworth Avenue
Phone Chicago Heights 292

PICNIC

The Tinley Park German
M. E. Sunday School
Will Hold Their Annual

Picnic in Harry Brandau's Orchard

2 MILES WEST OF TINLEY PARK

July 14 THE AFTERNOON
AND EVENING

Games, Races, Etc., also
supper will be served.

EVERYBODY WELCOME!
THE COMMITTEE

Telephone Service, a Public Trust

THE widespread ownership of the Bell Telephone System places an obligation on its management to guard the savings of its hundreds of thousands of stockholders.

Its responsibility for so large a part of the country's telephone service imposes an obligation that the service shall always be adequate, dependable and satisfactory to the user.

The only sound policy that will meet these obligations is to continue to furnish the best possible service at the lowest cost consistent with financial safety.

There is then in the Bell System no incentive to earn speculative or large profits. Earnings must be sufficient to assure the best possible service and the financial integrity of the business. Anything in excess of these requirements goes toward extending the service or keeping down the rates.

This is fundamental in the policy of the company. The Bell System's ideal is the same as that of the public it serves—the most telephone service and the best, at the least cost to the user. It accepts its responsibility for a nation-wide telephone service as a public trust.

ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY
BELL SYSTEM
One Policy • One System • Universal Service



ARAB

No. 1.....Soft
No. 2.....Medium
No. 3.....Med. Hard
No. 4.....Hard

Blaisdell
PENCIL COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA
U.S.A.

Pencils

DIG UP WOOD SAID TO BE 25,000 YEARS OLD

In the excavation for the new telephone building of the Northwestern Bell Telephone Company at Des Moines, Ia., bits of wood believed to be between 25,000 and 50,000 years old have been unearthed. When the glacial drift passed down over the territory that now comprises the state of Iowa, quantities of timber and other vegetation were covered with earth, and being buried deep under the surface, much of this wood did not petrify at all, but has retained to a considerable degree its original appearance. The bits of wood excavated were found in clay at distances thirty feet and less below the surface of the earth.

PALESTINE'S TELEPHONES

The use of the telephone for both private and commercial purposes is growing rapidly in Palestine, in the rural as well as in the urban districts. On January 1, 1928, there were 2,326 telephones in the country, as compared with only 684 in July, 1921.

There were 31 central exchanges in Palestine and most of the important towns and villages were linked together by over 6,925 miles of telephone wire. During the year 1925 there were more than 10,500,000 telephone calls.

The companies comprising the Bell System are spending over \$1,000,000 a day in construction work during 1928.

TELEPHONE MEN AND WOMEN GET VAIL AWARDS

Gold and Silver Medals for Acts
of "Noteworthy Public
Service" in 1927

Six acts of "Noteworthy Public Service" on the part of telephone employees have been accorded public recognition by the award of Theodore N. Vail medals, which are presented annually by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. Mr. Vail, who at the time of his death, on April 16, 1920, was chairman of the Board of Directors of the company, had played a leading part, not only in the physical development of the telephone, but in fostering the traditions and ideals of service that have long been recognized as a part of the working creed of telephone men and women.

The medals are awarded for acts which conspicuously illustrate Mr. Vail's ideals of public service. They are provided for by a fund created by the American company shortly after Mr. Vail's death as a memorial to him. Under the terms of the establishment, bronze, silver and gold medals are awarded each year to members of the Bell telephone organization, including its associated and connecting companies. The bronze medals are awarded by Regional Committees, appointed from the territory of each of the operating companies of the system. A total of fifty-four bronze medals have been awarded for acts performed during 1927.

The gold and silver medals are awarded by a National Committee of Award, which reviews the cases in which bronze medals have been awarded, together with other cases that may be submitted.

A gold medal, awarded to Fred F. Brown, a foreman of the Connecticut Valley Telephone Company, Bradford, Vt., and three of the silver medals, were for acts performed during the New England flood. The latter were awarded to Mrs. Clara B. Pitkin, agent of the White River Valley Telephone Company, West Hartford, Vt., Patrick B. McCormick, agent of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, Becket, Mass., and Horace E. Roby, superintendent of traffic of the same company at Montpelier, Vt.

William Foster Owens, manager of the Rock Springs Telephone Company, Rock Springs, Tex., receives a silver medal for restoring vital service following a tornado. The fifth silver medal is awarded to Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Algor, agent of the New Jersey Bell Telephone Co., at Holmdel, N. J., for handling a call, under most unusual and difficult circumstances, which resulted in saving a woman's eyesight.

The gold medal is accompanied by a cash award of \$500. Each of the silver medals carries a cash award of \$250.

TELEPHONE CALLS RUN INTO LARGE FIGURES

A total of 125,000,000 telephone calls are handled each year in the city of Newark, N. J.; 20% of these go outside the city limits. About 14,000,000 are sent to points within an area of twelve miles, 5,000,000 going to New York City. About 4,000 calls a day are handled through the Newark toll switchboard to points in New England, some 3,000 to Atlantic seaboard points, and between 300 and 400 a day to middle and far-western centers.

PUBLIC NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, that a reward of Twenty-five (\$25.00) will be given to any one furnishing information, that will lead to the arrest of party or parties, guilty of dumping rubbish in the Ditch known as Union Drainage Ditch No. 3 of Orland and No. 2 of Bremen.

By order of—Wm. C. Hollstein, Herman Seimsen, Henry Bechstein, Drainage Commissioners.

MOKENA

MOKENA M. E. CHURCH NOTES

Glen T. Beatty, Pastor
Morning Worship 9:15 A. M.
Church School 10:30 A. M.

There will be an Official Board meeting of importance at the church next Friday evening, July 6th at 8:30 o'clock. Not only the Official Members, but all others interested in the church are invited. This meeting will be in preparation for the coming of Dr. E. C. Lumsden, our District Superintendent, on the evening of July 22nd. All Officials are urged to be present at both meetings.

The pastor will preach on "The Parable of the Tower" next Sunday morning at the worship service. You will enjoy our morning fellowship of worship.

Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Hall celebrated their tenth wedding anniversary the Fourth. They held open house and entertained a company of relatives and friends at a three course dinner. Among the relatives present were Mr. and Mrs. R. Hall of Monmouth, Ill., and Mrs. David Lockwood and son Marvin of New Lenox.

Mokena was exceedingly quiet the Fourth. There was no celebration of any kind. A number of Mokena people attended the celebrations at Marley and Tinley Park.

A few cases of fireworks burns were reported but nothing of a very serious nature.

Miss Bronson of Plainfield has been engaged to teach the primary department of the Mokena public school, succeeding Miss Schwandt.

RUN TELEPHONE LINES THROUGH HOLLAND TUBE

Vehicular Tunnel to Carry Cable
Circuits Between New York
and New Jersey

Not only are the new Holland Vehicular Tubes connecting New York and New Jersey the principal direct route now for such traffic between the two states, but eventually they will become one of the busiest telephone highways entering the Metropolitan area, as the New York Telephone Company has arranged to install telephone cables through the tunnels.

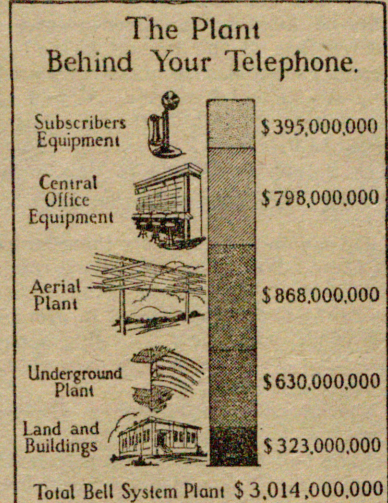
The first of these cables was installed late this spring and a second cable will be commenced during the summer. The ducts which have been installed for these cables make provision for eighteen in all, and each of these will contain several hundred telephone circuits.

The first section of cable installed in the Holland Tunnel is part of the through toll line between New York and Reading. It is two and five-eighths inches in diameter and provides 384 circuits, six of which are special circuits available for use in connection with radio broadcasting. This latter is a new phase in telephone service provision which has come with the development of the radio.

The new cable will take care of the demand for increased toll service between New York and Reading, Philadelphia and more distant points to the south and the west.

BILLIONS INVESTED IN TELEPHONE PLANT

The chart below shows graphically the tremendous sums invested in telephone plant by the Bell System. At the beginning of 1928, in Central Office equipment alone, including the all important switchboards, over \$798,000,000 were invested.



vested. The aerial wires and the poles to hold them, with other material included in Aerial Plant, represented an investment of \$868,000,000. Underground Plant, which includes cables, conduits and manholes, called for an investment of \$630,000,000 and Land and Buildings another \$323,000,000. The telephone user, who may think the instrument in his hand represents the whole plant, is really making use of part of an investment of over \$395,000,000 in Subscriber's Equipment. The total Bell System Plant investment on January 1, 1928, was approximately \$3,014,000,000.

GERMANY'S FIRST CALL

It is recorded that the first telephone call in Germany was made on October 24, 1877, by the then Postmaster General in Berlin. In the fifty years since that time the number of telephones throughout Germany has increased to about 2,770,000.

Born on Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Harold Spiess a daughter at the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet.

Mrs. Conrad Schenkel and son Louis Grader have moved to Chicago the past week to make their future home.

Ernst G. Tonn and a boy friend motored here from Texas the past week. Mr. Tonn has been teaching school. He expects to stay here until October when he will return to Texas.

The Mokena post office has been enlarged by the addition built to the north end of the present quarters. The lobby will be enlarged and more room will be provided for the handling of mail.

Work has been started by J. G. Oswald on laying the foundation for the new Marti residence adjoining the Julius Hirsch place.

The annual congregational picnic held in the village park by the St. John Evangelical church was well attended and was a very successful affair financially and socially.

A card and bunco party will be held in the St. Mary Hall on the evening of July 12th. Everybody is invited.

The Immanuel Lutheran church will hold their annual picnic in the Cappel Grove this Sunday afternoon and evening.

Herbert Hohenstein is spending a few months in New York City on business.

Judge John F. Schultz, Albert Braun, Clinton Kraus and John Balaz motored to Eagle River, Wis. last Saturday on a fishing trip.

Under the will of Louis Borges late of Mokena, his estate is to be divided among the heirs of the late Mrs. Matilda Erickson, a sister-in-law. The will left the estate to Mrs. Erickson and her heirs. Since she is dead her brother, Charles Nelson, Sr., of New Lenox and nine nephews and nieces will inherit the property. Included in the list of nephews and nieces are Byron F. Nelson, Grace Balaz and Ethel Jones of Mokena. Three nephews and one niece are residents of Big Lake, Minn., and two nephews reside in Chicago.

NEW LENOX

At a banquet held last Tuesday evening in the M. E. church dining room the New Lenox Lions Club which was temporarily organized several weeks ago, was fully organized with 20 charter members. The following officers and directors were chosen: President, Ceward W. Batson, Jr.; Vice President, George C. Petersen; Secretary-treasurer, Ray Osmus. Directors: Fred A. Francis, Frank Roblin, Arvid Swanson and A. W. Walsh.

Another meeting was held this week Thursday to plan for Charter night.

David Lockwood is expected back this week from a trip to California.

The annual Royal Neighbor picnic was held at the Urch hill last Thursday. Games and contests formed the diversions. About 200 Royal Neighbors and their families were present.

Work on completing the Boy Scout Cabin in the Camp Grounds is being pushed right along. When the cabin is finished a dedication service will be held.

Mrs. Lucille Drake with Mrs. Katherine Batson assisting hostess, entertained the Women's Guild of the Grace Episcopal church on Thursday afternoon.

The Maple Street Arbor of Ancient Glensiders sponsored a dance in the Urch hall Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Allen, and daughters Roberta and Margaret and son Robert of Joliet, were guests of Mrs. Lawrence Beadle Thursday.

Mrs. Jane Styck who has been very ill, is reported somewhat improved.

The Ladies Aid of the M. E. church met at the church Thursday afternoon.

What Seemed Humorous

Mother was entertaining a caller, when suddenly Dorothy, who had been playing on the floor, yawned prodigiously. "My, what a big yawn for such a little girl!" exclaimed the caller. "Yes," agreed Dorothy, "and the funny part is that I wasn't listening at all to what you were saying!"

MODERN MODESTY



THE JUNE BRIDE WHO WILL WEAR THIS COSTUME, WILL BE MODESTLY GARBED ACCORDING TO MODERN STANDARDS. THE SKIRT DOES COVER THE KNEES AND THE TRAIL OF SATIN TRAILS FOR SEVERAL FEET. THE BASIC MATERIAL IS SOFT RAYON CREPE, AND IS EMBROIDERED WITH CRYSTALS.

Metal Track's Advantage

It has been shown that a horse can draw one and two-thirds times as much of a load on a metal track as on a good asphalt surface, five times as much as on cobblestone paving and about twenty times the load it can pull on an ordinary mud road.

LARGE INCREASE SHOWN IN USE OF TELEPHOTOS

Number of Pictures Handled Per
Day in 1927 Broke All
Previous Records

On April 4, 1928, the commercial transmission of telephotographs reached the completion of its third year of successful operation. Started on April 4, 1925, the first pictures on a commercial basis were transmitted between New York, Chicago and San Francisco. Since that date the service has been extended so that it taps all the important centers of the country, the receiving stations being centrally located so that they can be reached easily from all sections.

The number of pictures handled per day has steadily increased, so that, during 1927, all previous records were broken. The total number of pictures transmitted during 1926 increased 150 per cent over 1925 and, during 1927, the increase was 180 per cent over 1926. December proved the outstanding month of 1927, showing an increase of 43 per cent over the highest previous month which was due, not so much to five important news breaks, as it was to a still larger increase, relatively speaking, in other than press business.

When the commercial transmission of pictures by wire first became a reality, it was thought that the newspapers and magazines of the country would be by far the main users, and, while the newspapers have used and are using the service to a constantly increasing extent, it has also been found of such value to business houses and firms that a rapidly growing quantity of business data is already speeding to wide-spread destinations by this means.

FROM THE SPORT GIRL'S WARDROBE



MISS DOROTHY SMART, AMERICA'S MOST PHOTOGRAPHED GIRL, IN TWO CHARMING RAYON CREATIONS. AT THE LEFT SHE IS SHOWN WEARING AN IMPORTED PINK AND PINK FABRIC OF SILK, AND RAYON RADIANT WITH DEEP RED, GREEN AND BLACK EXOTIC FLOWERS. THE WHITE SKIRT IS ALSO OF RAYON FABRIC. AT THE RIGHT, SHE IS SHOWN WEARING A SPORTS ENSEMBLE OF WOOL AND RAYON WEAVE AND INDICATES HOW RAYON IS USED TO GOOD EFFECT WITH OTHER TEXTILES. THE ENSEMBLE IS BEIGE IN TONE WITH A BEIGE AND OLIVE GREEN HANDBAG AND GREEN FELT HAT. SHOES ARE WHITE KID AND BROWN OXFORDS.

Did It Ever Occur to You

That price is not the first thing to be considered in a job of printing! Throwing type together in a haphazard way does not require any knowledge of the printing art. That isn't the kind of work you want. But artistic typography in stationery and advertising reflects credit to any concern. Our knowledge of printing gained by long experience enables us to produce

Attractive Printing for
Every Purpose

Don't order anything in this
line until you call on us.

First Wood Engraver

Wood engraving was invented by Cunio, an Italian, about the year 1283.

The News-Bulletin

Issued every Friday from the office of The News-Bulletin, Mokena, Will County, Illinois. Subscription price \$1.50 per year. Single copies 5 cents. Entered at the Mokena Post-Office as second class mail matter under Act of March, 1879. Established 1919. Independent in politics. Chicago Advertising Representative, A. M. Levy, 6 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. WM. SEMMLER, Editor-Publisher.

ORLAND PARK

Due to the efforts of the Parent Teachers association and Miss O'Connor county health nurse, Orland Park is to have an infant welfare station. It will be under the direction of Miss O'Connor and Mrs. George Gee Jr., who is chairman of the committee for the parent teachers association.

The first session of the clinic will be July 11 from 9 to 12 a. m., at the public school building. It will be open to all children up to six years of age. Many parents have been taking their children to the Worth clinic but this will give all parents an opportunity to get free medical attention and medical advice concerning their children right here at home.

The clinic is not to cure disease, but rather to prevent it and give the child the best possible care. Many physical ailments which are not prominent now may be cured or corrected by the care and attention that can be given at this clinic. This is a real opportunity for the parents of Orland Park. It is hoped that many will take advantage of it.

The Daily vacation bible school demonstration and Guild supper, given at the M. E. church was a real success. There was a large crowd out to the supper and most of them staid over to the bible school program. There was an exhibit of the things that the children had made during the school such as baskets by the older girls, a circus made from animals cut out of wood by the older boys, paper doll house furniture and other paper work by the little children and note books made from the work given in the course.

In the program the primary children gave a demonstration of the work given in the course and the older girls put on two plays that they had written themselves taken from incidents from life.

The teachers Miss Myerick, Miss Rice, Miss Gutshaw, Mrs. T. Cooper, Miss Ruth Ludwick, Miss Myrtle Townsend and Rev. Sanders enjoyed the work very much.

Miss Irene Mitchell daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Mitchell and Mr.

Lincoln Macauley son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Macauley were married Thursday afternoon at 4 p. m., in the Orland Park M. E. church by Rev. Sanders. The church was decorated with flowers and made a very pretty setting for the bride who wore a white satin dress and carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor Miss Dorothy Mitchell wore an orchid colored gown and carried a bouquet of pink roses.

Warren Macauley a brother of the groom acted as best man.

Following the wedding there was a very fine wedding supper and reception at the home of the bride. The young couple will reside in Palos Township.

This was the first real church wedding to be held in the Orland Park M. E. Community church and was a very fitting ceremony for the 30th anniversary of the building of the church.

The Orland Community church had planned to hold a fourth of July picnic in Creeper's grove but the unkind weather man put a damper on the festivities, so the affair was called off.

PROBATE NOTICE

Estate of Emma E. Beckstein Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Emma E. Beckstein late of Mokena in the County of Will and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby give notice that he will appear before the Probate Court of Will County, at the Court House in Joliet, at the September Term, on the first Monday in September next (being the 3rd day of said month), at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 2nd day of July A. D. 1928.

The First National Bank of Joliet By William C. Barber, Trust officer Executors, as aforesaid, A. H. Krusemark, Attorney.

Sea Influences Volcanoes

The most active volcanic regions are the ones nearest the sea. Science Service.

Clean Electric Bulbs

The dry dust and dirt that accumulates on electric lamp bulbs and inside electric lighting fixtures often causes a decrease of illuminating value of 30 per cent within three months and where soot and oil dust are found the results are even worse. Therefore, all electric lamp bulbs and fixtures should be cleaned thoroughly and regularly.

CHANCERY
STATE OF ILLINOIS
County of Will ss)
Circuit Court of Will County
September Term A. D. 1928
George H. Martin and Catherine M. Martin, husband and wife,
Vs.

City of Joliet, in the County of Will and State of Illinois, John B. N. Beaubien, Legrand L. Wells, David Rattray, Simon Donovan, Thomas C. James, Thomas Bishop, James S. Hutchins, John Et Beaubien, I. B. Beaubien, John Davlin, Harvey Curtis, Charles E. Ward, J. Royce Pearson, James R. R. Pearson, Alexander McGlashan, James Geary, Emma Elizabeth Jones, Alexander Beaubien, Philip Beaubien, Henry Beaubien, William S. Beaubien, Ellen Maria Robinson, Margaret Robinson, Caroline Fields, Monique Balsley, James B. Fennerty, Anna Josette Smale, Louis L. Woodville, Julia B. Funnald, Catharine L. Beaubien, Monique Balsby, Louisa C. Ward, the unknown widow or surviving husband, the unknown legatees and devisees the unknown assignees and grantees and the unknown heirs at law of the said John B. N. Beaubien, Legrand L. Wells, David Rattray, Simon Donovan, Thomas C. James, Thomas Bishop, James S. Hutchins, John Et Beaubien, I. B. Beaubien, John Davlin, Harvey Curtis, Charles E. Ward, J. Royce Pearson, James R. R. Pearson, Alexander McGlashan, James Geary, Emma Elizabeth Jones, Alexander Beaubien, Philip Beaubien, Henry Beaubien, William S. Beaubien, Ellen Maria Robinson, Margaret Robinson, Caroline Fields, Monique Balsley, James B. Fennerty, Anna Josette Smale, Louis L. Woodville, Julia B. Funnald, Catharine L. Beaubien, Monique Balsby, and Louisa C. Ward, and the unknown owners of Lot twenty-nine (29), excepting therefrom the South twelve (12) feet thereof, in Grandview, a Subdivision of Block fifty-three (53) and parts of Blocks fifty-one (51) and fifty-two (52), in School Section Addition to Joliet, in the City of Joliet, County of Will and State of Illinois, said School Section being Section sixteen (16), in Township thirty-five (35), Range ten (10), East of the Third Principal Meridian, Bill in Chancery, No. 35354.

Notice is hereby given to each and all of the above named defendants, that the above named complainants heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said Court on the Chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against the above named defendants, returnable on the first day of the Term of the Circuit Court of Will County, to be held at the Court House in the City of Joliet, in said Will County, on the third Monday of September A. D. 1928, as is by law required, and which suit is still pending.

Paul V. Wunder, Clerk.
D. R. Anderson,

Dance

AT

Mokena Pavilion

Sat. July 7

MUSIC BY

Chuck Formento's Orchestra

Dance every Saturday nite

ADMISSION 75c PARKING FREE

Complainants' Solicitor
Joliet, Ill., June 23rd, A. D. 1928
6-28 7-6-13-20

Interest Growing In West Branch

Public interest in West Branch, Iowa, the birth place of Herbert Hoover, and all it contains, including Mollie Carran, has become so great within the last few days as a result of newspaper stories regarding that locality, that the Passenger Department of the Rock Island Lines, Chicago, has been compelled to arrange for special cars on their trains in and out of that point, which is served only by the one railroad.

It is expected that West Branch will be called upon next Sunday to entertain a big crowd. West Branch is on the Rock Island Railroad between Cedar Rapids and West Liberty, Iowa, this line having been originally constructed in 1871.

Lucy Stone League

Lucy Stone was a suffragist who achieved considerable notoriety by declining to change her name upon marriage to the one borne by her husband. In accordance with common custom. A league was founded of women who preferred to retain their maiden names and was named in her honor the Lucy Stone League.

DEATH FROM DROWNING AVERTED BY PRONE PRESSURE RESUSCITATION

Many lives lost by drowning during the swimming season could be saved if some one present at the time of the tragedy had a knowledge of the prone pressure method of artificial respiration, or resuscitation.

This method of life saving is effective in cases of asphyxiation and electric shock, as well as drowning. It is approved by the American Red Cross, American Gas Association, American Telephone and Telegraph Company, Bethlehem Steel Corporation, National Electric Light Association, National Safety Council, United States Army, United States Bureau of Mines, United States Bureau of Standards, United States Navy, United States Public Health Service, and by practically all public utility companies, which insist that their employees be familiar with this simple and effective method of saving lives.—Supplied by Illinois Committee on Public Utility Information.

Follow These Instructions Even If the Patient Appears Dead.

As soon as possible feel with your fingers in the patient's mouth and throat and remove any foreign body (tobacco, false teeth, etc.). If the mouth is tight shut, pay no more attention to it until later. Do not stop to loosen the patient's clothing, but immediately begin actual resuscitation. Every moment of delay is serious. Proceed as follows:

(1) Lay the patient on his belly, one arm extended directly overhead, the other arm bent at elbow and with the face turned outward and resting on hand or forearm, so that the nose and mouth are free for breathing (See Figure 1.)

(2) Kneel, straddling the patient's thighs, with your knees placed at such a distance from the hip bones as will allow you to assume the position shown in Figure 1.

Place the palms of the hands on the small of the back with fingers resting on the ribs, the little finger just touching the lowest rib, with the

ward so as to completely remove the pressure. (See Figure 3.)

(5) After two seconds, swing forward again. Thus repeat deliberately twelve to fifteen times a minute the double movement of compression and release, a complete respiration in four or five seconds.

(6) Continue artificial respiration without interruption until natural breathing is restored, if necessary, four hours or longer, or until a physician declares the patient is dead.

(7) As soon as this artificial respiration has been started and while it is being continued, an assistant should loosen any tight clothing about the patient's neck, chest or waist. Keep the patient warm. Do not give any liquids whatever by mouth until the patient is fully conscious.

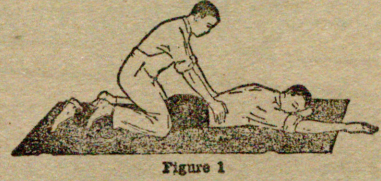
(8) To avoid strain on the heart when the patient revives, he should be kept lying down and not allowed to stand or sit up. If the doctor has not arrived by the time the patient has revived, he should be given some stimulant, such as one teaspoonful of aromatic spirits of ammonia in a small glass of water, or a hot drink of coffee or tea, etc. The patient should be kept warm.

(9) Resuscitation should be carried on at the nearest possible point to where the patient received his injuries. He should not be moved from this point until he is breathing normally of his own volition and then moved only in a lying position. Should it be necessary, due to extreme weather conditions, etc., to move the patient before he is breathing normally, resuscitation should be carried on during the time that he is being moved.

(10) A brief return of natural respiration is not a certain indication for stopping the resuscitation. Not infrequently the patient, after a temporary recovery of respiration, stops breathing again. The patient must be watched, and if natural breathing stops, artificial respiration should be resumed at once.

(11) In carrying out resuscitation it may be necessary to change the operator. This change must be made without losing the rhythm of respiration. By this procedure no confusion results at the time of change of operator and a regular rhythm is kept up.

Learn every word of the foregoing, and learn it now! Don't wait for an accident. It is too late then.



thumb and fingers in a natural position, and the tips of the fingers just out of sight. (See Figure 1.)

(3) With arms held straight, swing forward slowly so that the weight of your body is gradually brought to bear upon the patient. The shoulder should be directly over the heel of the hand at the end of the forward swing. (See Figure 2.) Do not bend your elbows. This operation should take about two seconds.

(4) Now immediately swing back-

ROPE DRILLERS FAST AS THEY DIG HOLES

Transcontinental Telephone Line Moved to Make Way for New Irrigation Reservoir

The great reservoir which is being built in Utah on the route of the Lincoln Highway at the junction of the Weber and the famous Echo canyons, and which, when in operation, is to supply irrigation water to a number of Utah counties, has necessitated the rerouting of about four miles of the central transcontinental telephone line, as the line followed the old highway route. The rerouting of this piece of line has proved anything but a simple matter to telephone engineers.

It was necessary to route the new line high up on the mountain sides nearly all the way, and due to the ruggedness of the country, with its deep hollows and high cliffs, one of the difficult engineering problems of laying out the line was the location of poles. A great number of the poles were set in solid rock. The rock formation in the locality was such that it was most difficult to blast, and in several places where the drillers worked it was necessary to rope themselves to trees and rocks because of the slippery condition of the hillsides. It also was necessary to reroute approximately five miles of the Lincoln Highway and about the same distance of the Union Pacific Railroad tracks so as to avoid the reservoir.

TO BUILD ON BRIGHAM YOUNG'S THEATRE SITE

The Salt Lake Theatre, built by Brigham Young in 1882 and regarded as one of the finest in the country at the time it was opened, is soon to be demolished. On the site will rise the new telephone headquarters building in Utah for the Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company.

It is an interesting coincidence that the building in Boston where the principle of the telephone was discovered by Alexander Graham Bell, the old Charles Williams electrical shop, is still standing and is used now as a motion picture theatre, while one of the most pretentious theatres built in the West in the Sixties is now soon to be replaced by a large telephone headquarters building.

TAKES SIX MINUTES TO CALL COAST AND CUBA

To the layman the marvels of Long Distance telephone service are ever of interest, but to the operators, putting a series of calls through to distant points is no longer a thrill, as the American public has gradually come to depend upon and make use of such facilities regularly. The other day in Cleveland Miss Mary Pavlovich handled a call to California which was completed within three minutes, and then put another call through to Havana, Cuba, the two calls, the one to the Pacific Coast and the other to Cuba, being completed within a total of six minutes.

The first telephone in the city of Buffalo, N. Y., was located in a very stable. There was a messenger service in connection with this venture which came into being in 1879 and boys wearing snappy uniforms of grey were mounted on skittish ponies.

Advertise

—It in—

this Paper

Life's Length

The shortness of life is bound up with its fullness. It is to him who is most active, always thinking, feeling, working, caring for people and for things, that life seems short. Strip a life empty, and it will seem long enough.—Phillips Brooks.

Lighthouse Illumination

Most of the American lighthouses guarding ships against coastal rocks have now run the complete gamut of lighting in the last 200 years. They began with fish oil and then proceeded through sperm oil, rapeseed or colza oil, lard oil, vaporized kerosene with incandescent mantles and finally electricity upon which main dependence is put nowadays.

Sure of One Thing

The sun was going down, clouds were banking up, and they had driven for miles in silence. Finally the wife asked, "Do you know where you are, darling?" Friend hust and stepped on the accelerator and replied a bit shortly: "No. If I did we wouldn't be here."



In most bathrooms the best lighting effect is obtained with wall brackets placed on either side of the mirror. In large rooms a ceiling unit is included.

Enjoy SHADOWLESS Shaving

What a real pleasure it is to shave or primp up in a bathroom where correct lighting eliminates objectionable glare and shadows. Comfortable well-diffused light is inexpensive. For example, two 60-watt lamps in your bathroom cost less than a penny an hour to operate.

Lighting Information Service

Decide now to bring the lighting in your bathroom and other rooms up-to-date. Our lighting specialists will be glad to offer suggestions concerning the proper size and location of units. Call in or phone us.

**PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY
OF NORTHERN ILLINOIS**
310 Van Buren St., Joliet
Telephone 636
C. Stephens, District Manager



Extra copies of this helpful booklet recently distributed to all customers, are still available.



Illinois' third special session of the general assembly adjourned sine die a few days ago after writing into the statutes three bills giving the state tax commission authority to order a reassessment of property in Chicago and the downstate at any time. There was no opposition from Chicago or the downstate. The group of three measures went through with 35 members voting in the affirmative, after which the bills were signed by Lieutenant Governor Fred E. Sterling, and sent to Peoria for the signature of Speaker Robert Scholes, who is ill. Governor Small is expected to give his immediate approval. The new laws became effective July 1, when the taxing officials of Cook county were expected to begin a reassessment in compliance with an order of the state commission, which was held premature in an opinion from Attorney General Oscar E. Carlstrom. The senate gave its approval to three bills appropriating \$24,000 for the expense of the session. Included in this amount is \$50 for each member payable on July 1.

A survey of the mad dog situation in Illinois, conducted by the state department of agriculture, indicates that the epidemic has attained its peak. The dog-muzzling orders issued by the director of agriculture, and enforced by local peace officers, tends to curb the spread of rabies. In districts subjected to control measures outlined in the rabies act of 1927, all dogs must be locked up, restrained by leash and muzzled, or subjected to a vaccination that practically assures immunity. Dogs thus treated must bear a tag that signifies that they have received the vaccination. Local officials, refusing, failing or neglecting to enforce the law pertaining to rabies control are subject to fine. County and city peace officers, the veterinary branch of the department of agriculture and the analysis service offered by the laboratory of the state department of public health all work together for the protection of the public and the live stock of the state over an area that embraces 29 entire counties and parts of several others.

Deaths from heart disease have increased so rapidly that that disease now outranks tuberculosis as a drain on human resources, Dr. Isaac D. Rawlings, state health director, said recently, in his health review. Nearly 20 per cent of the mortality, he said, occurs among people less than forty years old. Doctor Rawlings, regards this as the most serious phase of the growing seriousness of heart disease. Heart disease in persons under forty, said Doctor Rawlings, usually is the result of some infection that has poisoned the circulatory system. Doctor Rawlings recommended preventive measures and medical care.

Secretary of State Emmerson has issued a charter to the Quincy Memorial Bridge company, Quincy, with a capital stock of \$400,000 and 10,000 shares of stock of no par value. The company will construct a memorial toll bridge across the Mississippi river between Quincy and Marion county, Missouri.

Bids have been received by the state department of purchases and construction for a bridge at Meyers bay, McHenry county. The apparent low bidder was the Matthews-Tonyan company of West McHenry, for \$14,108. The bridge, a part of the state waterway plan, is to be constructed in 120 days.

Beauty culturists are under supervision of the state and not a municipality, the state Supreme court held recently in passing upon a case from Chicago in which a beauty culturist was arrested for failing to comply with the provisions of the ordinance.

How milk production champions are groomed will be explained during the Illinois state fair, August 18-25, in accordance with arrangements fair officials are making with H. C. Horneman, Danville, owner of the Kenleuf dairy farm and one of the stars of that establishment, Lady Crescent's Ideal 141051, who holds the world's record for production as a four-year-old Guernsey cow. In a production test conducted under supervision of Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin agricultural colleges, Lady Crescent's Ideal yielded a total of 16,696.7 pounds of milk and 854.9 pounds of fat in one year.

Dr. A. R. Crook, chief of the Illinois state museum, has published a booklet on "Its Fifty Years of Service," 1877 to 1927. Before the museum was made a separate institution a half century ago, it was a part of the state geological survey, started in 1851.

At the Illinois state fair grounds, work is progressing rapidly on the six dairy cattle barns and the dairy cattle exposition pavilion. Concrete foundations are completed, and an army of brick layers is making splendid headway with the masonry. Dairywomen throughout the state are expressing their approval of the plans that will provide them with commodious quarters for their exhibition cattle. In recent years, increasing entries in the cattle classes of the fair have made it necessary to place the overflow in tents.

The car-lot movement of early cabbage from the Quincy truck garden district is well under way. Growers in that section have obtained inspection service offered by the state department of agriculture, through the division of standardization and markets. The chief of this inspection service, supervising the grading, packing and refrigeration of the cabbage crop reports the quality as good. The leaves are bright and crisp. The heads are medium to large in size, and well matured. Five cars loaded during the first day of the harvest, arrived at the Chicago market on the following morning, and were sold through the American Fruit Growers' exchange, upon the certificates of grade and quality provided by the state department of agriculture. This service costs shippers \$2.50 per car in place of \$5.00, the former price. As the result of increasing volume of inspection service, the state derives more revenue at the lower rate than was formerly received at twice the present fee.

The Illinois Council of Religious Education which met in Springfield recently, has awarded Quincy the 1929 convention.

The following contracts have been awarded by the state division of highways:

Route 4, Grundy county, bridge; to T. and L. D. Libby company, Minneapolis, \$15,805.14.

Route 72, Ogle county, bridge; to F. Kaney, Forreston, Ill., \$8,801.20.

Route 140, Wayne-White counties, grading; to M. Hasse, St. Joseph, Mo., \$79,323.47.

Route 78, Carroll county, grading; to Nelson, Mullen & Nelson, Minneapolis, \$103,812.26.

Route 78, Whiteside county, grading; to Stevens Brothers, St. Paul, Minn., \$62,105.05.

Route 78, Carroll county, bridge; to A. Olsen, Waterloo, Iowa, \$7,631.80.

Route 173, section 131, Boone-McHenry counties, pavement; to Froemming Brothers, Milwaukee, \$124,654.97.

Route 89, Marshall county, pavement; to Cameron-Joyce, Keokuk, Iowa, \$24,934.03.

Route 153, Washington county, pavement; to W. F. Smith & Co., Wood River, \$127,545.28.

Springfield, the capital city, was first among nine of the larger cities in Illinois during the month of May in the amount of building permits issued, with a total of \$414,000, as shown by figures prepared by the chamber of commerce. This sum is also in excess of that of other larger cities outside the state. The comparative figures follow: Illinois cities: Decatur, \$370,910; Joliet, \$304,225; Peoria, \$229,165; East St. Louis, \$214,050; Bloomington, \$184,500; Rock Island, \$78,028; Danville, \$53,200; Quincy, \$44,621. Other cities: Des Moines, Iowa, \$282,000; Terre Haute, Ind., \$96,514; Davenport, Iowa, \$120,273; St. Joseph, Mo., \$77,400; Springfield, Ohio, \$129,500.

Milk goats from all sections of the country will compete for national championship honors and cash prizes at the Illinois state fair, August 18-25, as the result of the adoption of the Illinois goat show as the official exposition of the American Milk Goat Record association, the national organization of pure-bred milk goat owners. Between 150 and 200 specimens, representing the four breeds recognized by milk goat registration officials, will be on exhibition. Will L. TeWalt, publisher of the Goat World, official publication of the record association, and its secretary, in a communication to all owners of milk goats of record in America, urges them to participate in the Springfield show.

Registration for the state fair better babies' conference jumped to a total of 229 a few days ago, indicating that entries will reach the maximum conference capacity considerably ahead of August 11, the date set for closing registration. So far the lucrative awards offered for twins, triplets and families of six have gone begging. Only one set of twins has been entered. The age limit is ten years for both twins and triplets while the oldest child in a family of six may be sixteen. Facilities for making the examination at the conference this year will be greatly improved, according to information given out at the office of Dr. Isaac D. Rawlings, state health director.

Bids for the construction of approximately 145 miles of pavement and many bridges and heavy grading sections will be received by the state division of highways in Springfield on July 18. The sections receiving improvements are scattered over the entire state.

The state court of claims, in session in Springfield recently denied the claim for \$10,000 filed against the state by the Jacksonville Grain Co. The company sought compensation for alleged loss of business during the construction of a levee at Naples.

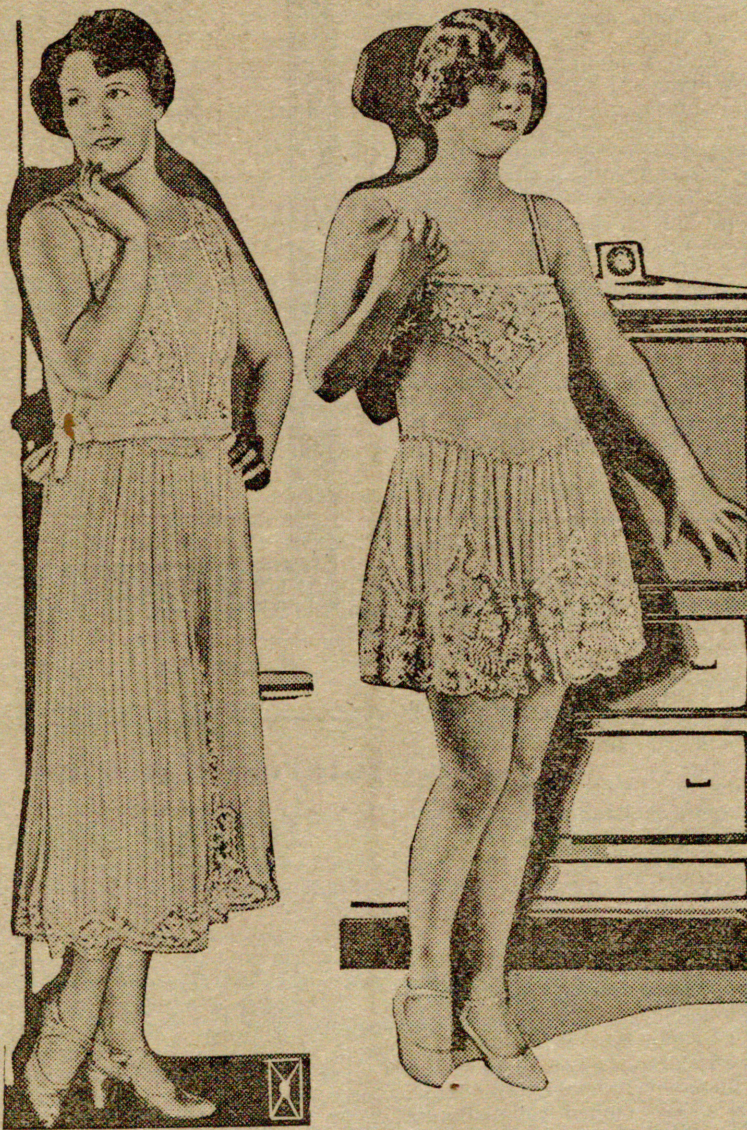
Three Putnam county residents have lost their injunction in Circuit court against the state highway department to force a change in the location of route 89, between the city of Granville and the village of Hennepin. The state department located the road south of the village of Mark, alleging that the route is shorter than the old Hennepin road route and that a saving of \$35,000 is possible by the new routing. The three Putnam county residents wanted the road to pass through the village of Hennepin and past the county farm.

LOVELY LACE-LADEN LINGERIE; HATS OF LACE OR LACY STRAW

THAT simplicity is the best policy may apply to millinery's daytime apparel, but it does not, this season, extend to her wear for slumberland and her dainty undergarments. While the practicality of tailored lingerie is recognized, and the well appointed wardrobe should always include a dependable supply, still when it comes to present prevailing sentiment, fancy is turning to underthings whose enchant-

are the new summer hats which express themselves in lace effects. Not only is lace itself ascendant in the realm of millinery but lacy straw, or in other words, lace made out of straw, is one of the charming ideas exploited this season.

The revival of Tuscan lace straw is one of the very happy happenstances of millinery for this summer. Its quaint lace-work imparts to dressy



Expressing Trend of New Lace Trims.

ing colors and enrichment of lace bespeak a super-loveliness.

As to the colors most in favor at the moment it seems as if certain shades of blue are in the lead, such as turquoise and the very new and popular lido blue. Nile green and peach are also well liked. Brides are mostly choosing either white, cream or some one or the other of the new pinks for their trousseau lingerie.

Not only is lace lending its beautifying presence to a generous degree, but it is most ingeniously employed. It refuses to confine itself to conventional yokes and hems, but inveigles itself into the scheme of things in most unexpected and whimsical ways.

In some instances the garment is so lacy that it almost if not quite becomes a half-and-half proposition of lace and material. There is a tendency to applique motifs of lace in an elaborate way, cutting out the material from underneath.

A new note is sounded in that deep ecru laces often take the place of the usual white or cream. These darker toned laces are employed not only for the pastel-colored garments, but they trim white as well. Especially effective are the ecru laces on white satin and this combination is proving popular for bridal sets.

The garments in this picture express

hats that touch of the exquisite which is so dear to the feminine heart. At garden party and formal summer scenes, one beholds the Tuscan straw picture hat exploited as it has not been for many and many a season past. One of the entrancing lacy Tuscan straw hats, a Paris creation, by the way, is pictured in the lower left corner of this group. It has a banding of pastel satin. It is just such extreme types as this, which are answering the call of picturesque summer frocks, for hats to wear with them, which shall accent the spirit of ultra-charm and femininity.

It is interesting, too, to discover that Tuscan braid has also entered the realm of sports millinery. To be sure, not in such emphatically lacy a form as the dresser modes adopt, but nevertheless the openwork theme is expressed in a discreet and appropriate way. There is the smart vagabond sports hat shown in the bottom oval— it, too, is of Tuscan straw, being an open patterned braid sewed row and row.

If hats are not of lacy straw, then they are very apt to be all of lace. Daintiest of white all-over lace makes the "hat beautiful," as shown in the group at the top to the left. Cloches of lace like this one and similar to the one with the ribbon trim centered



Some Pretty Summer Hats.

the trend of the new lace trims. The nightgown to the left is silk, while in destructible voile is the chosen material for the chemise combination. Each of these models accent the waistline.

It is difficult to imagine anything in the name of millinery more lovely, more stylish, or more flattering than

to the left are representative of the very latest in millinery.

They are of beguiling loveliness. These lace chapeaux which fashion is highlighting and their vogue is sweeping throughout the country very rapidly.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

(© 1928, Western Newspaper Union.)



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We must not hope to be mowers And to gather the ripe gold ears, Unless we have first been sowers And watered the furrows with tears.

It is not just as we take it, This mystical world of ours: Life's field will yield as we make it A harvest of thorns or of flowers.

—Goethe.

SOMETHING TO EAT

Sometime for a choice pie try this pastry: Take one and one-half cups of flour, three tablespoonfuls of finely ground almonds, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, cut or rub in one-half cupful of

flour and lastly add one beaten egg with just enough cold water to keep the pastry together. Roll out as usual.

Small bits of smoked fish for flavor added to scrambled eggs makes a most appetizing breakfast or luncheon dish.

We certainly should cultivate more of a culinary imagination, for there are countless things that add to taste, appearance and wholesomeness of our food, which are constantly at hand, but we do not see them.

Those of us who are fond of mushrooms wonder why people will pass by the tasty bunches of wholesome food and never give them a glance. One fresh meaty mushroom chopped and cooked in a little butter and added to a dish of scrambled eggs will make it a dish fit for the gods. Pounds of this delectable vegetable go to waste even in city backyards. A little knowledge is a dangerous thing, might have been said of mushroom knowledge, but a little study with one who knows will fit one to know a few of the ordinary varieties which are found so plentifully all through the summer and fall months.

There is no more tasty dish than creamed mushrooms on toast. Clean them, peel the caps, and cut into small pieces; cook in butter for five minutes, then add a cream sauce, or simply add a thick cream and pour over buttered toast. Serve hot. To broil the caps peel them and brown under the gas or over coals, first on the round side of the cap, then fill the cap with butter and cook until thoroughly done. Serve on toast.

Pieces of dried cheese are often thrown away as useless. These if grated will make enough to sprinkle over several dishes of soup, adding to the nutriment as well as flavor.

Pears with cottage cheese is a delightful combination, or any cream cheese is equally good.

Small balls of rich seasoned cottage cheese served with a spoonful of tart preserved currants is another treat.

Cheese is a most concentrated food and when well masticated is easy to digest.

Good Things to Eat.

A small cake that is attractive is always nice to have on hand to serve with a cup of tea or coffee.

Chocolate Wreaths—Blanch enough shelled almonds to make two cupfuls when put through the finest knife of the

food chopper. Beat three eggs (and add one and one-half cupfuls of sugar) for ten minutes, then add the almonds and one ounce of sweet chocolate grated. Mix well and put into a pastry bag. Form in rings on a buttered baking sheet, placing them well apart. Bake slowly for twenty minutes until when tested with a toothpick it comes out clean.

Yolk Rings.—Cream one-third of a cupful of butter, add one-half cupful of granulated sugar, and add three hard-cooked egg yolks and one fresh yolk (put the cooked ones through a sieve), mix well. To two cupfuls of pastry flour add the grated rind of half a lemon and one-eighth of a teaspoonful of mace, stir and mix well, knead on a board with all the ingredients. Roll one-quarter inch thick, cut with doughnut cutter, brush with a yolk of egg, sprinkle with sugar and bake in a slow oven until the cakes are firm.

Grape Juice Souffle.—Soak one envelope of sparkling gelatin in one pint of sweetened grape juice and a tablespoonful of lemon juice. Heat over water until the gelatin is dissolved, then strain, set into a pan of ice and when the mixture begins to thicken fold in the stiffly beaten whites of four eggs. Half fill a mold dipped in cold water, to chill; to the remainder add three-fourths of a cup of heavy cream beaten stiff. Fill the mold or molds with the cream mixture and chill. Remove from the molds and serve with whipped cream flavored with vanilla.

Tomato Salad, Frozen.—To one quart of tomatoes add three tablespoonfuls of sugar and season with salt and cayenne, then rub through a sieve, adding onion juice if desired. Freeze in one-pound baking powder cans and serve sliced on lettuce, with mayonnaise dressing. Pack in equal parts of ice and salt to freeze. Serve with walnut meats.

Nellie Maxwell



set the standard. If you paid a dollar a pound you could not buy better food products than those you find packed under the Monarch label.

Reid, Murdoch & Co. Established 1853 General Offices, Chicago, Ill.



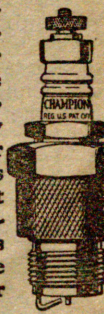
Lamp Swappers

The busiest exchange bureau in the world is the one at which millions of us are forever trying to swap "Old Lamps for New."—American Magazine.



The Woman Driver I like to drive with Champion Spark Plugs because I know I'll not be annoyed with engine trouble due to faulty spark plugs.

Champion is the better spark plug because it has an exclusive sili-manite insulator specially treated to withstand the much higher temperatures of the modern high-compression engine. Also a new patented solid copper gasket-seal that remains absolutely gas-tight under high compression. Special analysis electrodes which assure a fixed spark-gap under all driving conditions.



CHAMPION Spark Plugs Toledo, Ohio

Dependable for Every Engine

Lost Radium in Clinkers

Thrown by mistake into a dust bin and then into an incinerator, radium worth \$400 was recovered at St. Thomas' hospital, London, by scientific examination of the clinkers taken from the incinerator. When the loss was noticed, the radiologist suggested that the ashes be searched, because radium will not burn.

NURSES know, and doctors have declared there's nothing quite like Bayer Aspirin for all sorts of aches and pains, but be sure it is genuine Bayer; that name must be on the package, and on every tablet. Bayer is genuine, and the word genuine—in red—is on every box. You can't go wrong if you will just look at the box:



Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate of Salicylic acid

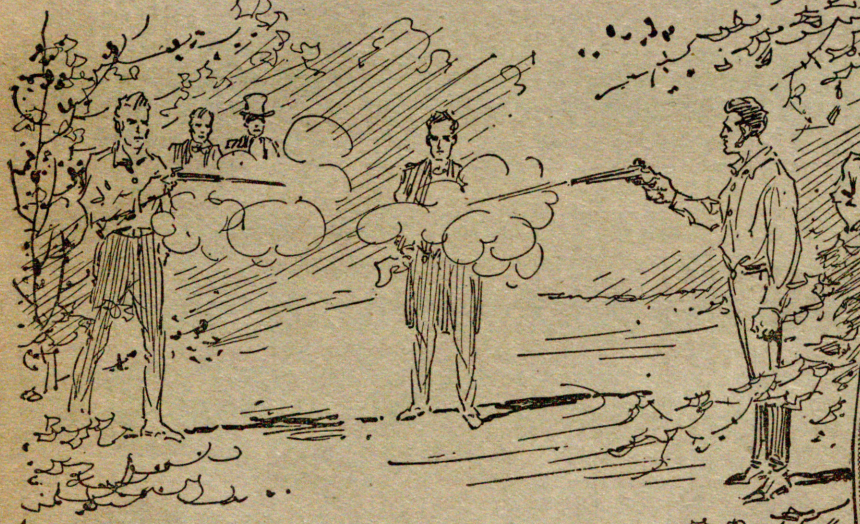


FIRST AID TO BEAUTY AND CHARM

Nothing so mars an otherwise beautiful face as the inevitable lines of fatigue and suffering caused by tired, aching feet. ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic, Healing Powder, insures foot comfort. It is a Toilet Necessity. Shake it in your shoes in the morning. Slip it all day—Dance all evening—then let your mirror tell the story. Trial package and a Foot-Ease Walking Doll sent Free. Address Allen's Foot-Ease, Le Roy, N. Y. In a Pinch, Use Allen's Foot-Ease

For Mosquito Bites, Sting of Bees and Venomous Insects HANFORD'S BALSAM OF MYRRH Money back for first bottle if not suited. All dealers.

The American Naval Hero Who Was Killed in a Duel



By ALFRED SORENSON

IN THE United States naval "Hall of Fame" no name occupies a more prominent niche than that of Stephen Decatur whose heroic and daring deeds illumine the pages of American history and have been told in many a thrilling tale.

Born in Maryland in 1780, our hero was given the name of Stephen Decatur, who not only played an important part in the War of the Revolution, but in the war with France commanded the Delaware, carrying twenty guns, and in 1800 was in command of a squadron of thirteen vessels.

It was but natural that the boy should have a longing to follow in the footsteps of his father, on whose ship he made his first voyage. When his desire for a naval life became known to Commodore Barry that officer secured a midshipman's warrant for him and started him on his adventurous and brilliant career. He began his service when he was eighteen years old under Commodore Barry on the frigate United States. It was on this ship that young Decatur became acquainted with James Barron, then a lieutenant, at whose hands he was to meet his death in a duel twenty-two years later.

The frigate United States was sent to the West Indies, and Decatur, having "made good," was soon promoted by Commodore Barry to a lieutenant, provisionally, and the appointment was confirmed by President Adams. While on his second cruise Decatur performed an act of great bravery. A member of the crew, who could not swim, fell overboard, and Decatur without a moment's hesitation leaped after him and supported him until a ship's boat came to the rescue.

While his ship was temporarily in the harbor of Philadelphia Lieutenant Decatur was assigned to recruiting duty. Several of his men, whom he had enlisted, deserted and took service on an India merchantman. He demanded their surrender, but the first officer not only refused to deliver the deserters but grossly insulted him. Thereupon Decatur laid the matter before his father, who told him to demand an apology, and, if denied, then to send a challenge to fight. He acted accordingly, and an apology being refused he issued a challenge, which was accepted. Decatur told his friends that he did not intend to kill the officer, but would merely wound him in the hip. The duelists met in a secluded spot on the banks of the Delaware and exchanged shots. Decatur, who escaped injury, kept his word. He "wounded" his man in the exact spot where he had said he would.

When the brief war with France was ended the navy was reduced, but Decatur was retained with thirty-six other lieutenants. In 1801 he was assigned to the Essex, commanded by Capt. William Bainbridge, and while cruising in the Mediterranean the ship put into the port of Barcelona for a brief anchorage. The boats of the Essex while going to and from the shore at night were halted by the officers of a Spanish ship-of-war doing police duty in the harbor. Decatur called on the proper officer and presented a remonstrance. Being treated in a most discourteous manner, he declared he would not let the matter drop. The next day he visited the Spanish ship, but was unable to find the officer who had insulted him. Upon taking his departure he left a message, couched in very hostile language, for the offending Spaniard. On reaching shore Decatur made a thorough search for him, being determined to call him to account. The officer kept under cover until the Spanish captain-general took a hand in the affair, and with the aid of Captain Bainbridge prevented a duel.

In the summer of 1802 Decatur was promoted to first lieutenant and was assigned to duty on the frigate New York, commanded by Barron, who had risen to a captaincy. The ship sailed for the Mediterranean, cruising in that sea for several months.

When war was declared against the Algerian pirates, who were raiding American merchant vessels and demanding large sums of money for immunity, which the United States refused to pay although other nations "came across" with the required tribute and thus bought the freedom of the Mediterranean, Decatur was given command of a brig and sailed to join the fleet at the scene of trouble.

It was in the harbor of Tripoli that Decatur engaged in a most perilous adventure that made him world-famous and caused his name to be indelibly written in the annals of brave deeds.

The frigate Philadelphia, running on a rock while in pursuit of a pirate vessel, was captured by the enemy, and Capt. William Bainbridge and the entire crew were taken prisoners. Captain Bainbridge managed to send from his prison an apparently insignificant letter to Commodore Preble in the harbor of Syracuse, and Preble, suspecting that it concealed a matter of importance, held it against the flame of a candle which exposed a message written in lemon juice.

Captain Bainbridge suggested that a party of men, under trusty officers, be sent into the harbor of Tripoli and either retake, or burn, or blow up the Philadelphia, which the pirates had refloated, repaired, and manned for action.

Commodore Preble promptly acted on the suggestion and issued a call for volunteers. Decatur and other valorous officers at once offered to lead a party and carry out the plan of attack. Decatur, however, was given the command owing to his priority, and with seventy-five volunteers from his ship, the Siren, embarked in a fifty-ton

ketch for the harbor of Tripoli. This little vessel had been captured from the Tripolitans a few weeks previously by Decatur and had been renamed the Intrepid. With her intrepid crew she proved true to her name. She carried a large supply of combustibles, explosives, and cutlasses.

Under cover of the night of February 16, 1804, the Intrepid was rowed directly to the Philadelphia and made fast. Decatur gave the order to board the vessel, and his men climbed to the deck. The Tripolitans were taken completely by surprise and were mowed down, one after the other, by the Americans with their cutlasses. The onslaught was terrific and merciless. More than twenty Tripolitans were killed at the first attack. Seeing resistance useless, some of the survivors jumped overboard and were drowned or killed by the Siren's boat crew, who had followed in the wake of the Intrepid. Others hid in the dark recesses of the ship. The capture of the Philadelphia was accomplished in ten minutes, and in less than half an hour she was a mass of flames.

Decatur and his band of heroes escaped amid a shower of shot and shell from the shore batteries and returned to Syracuse harbor two days after their audacious exploit. Not one of the fearless adventurers was killed or wounded. Nelson, the distinguished English naval commander, declared it the most daring act of the age. Upon receiving Commodore Preble's report and recommendations congress rewarded Decatur with a sword and a captain's commission.

Six months after the destruction of the Philadelphia Decatur, in command of a fleet of gunboats, began a series of five attacks on the Tripoli harbor and batteries. One of the gunboats, in command of Decatur's brother, Lieut. James Decatur, engaged in a battle with a pirate craft whose commander surrendered. As the lieutenant was about to take possession the treacherous Tripolitan captain shot him in the head, and he fell back into his boat dead. Taking advantage of the stunning surprise and excitement of the Americans the corsair rowed rapidly away.

Captain Decatur, on hearing of what had happened, gave chase and soon overhauled the fugitive boat. He climbed on board with ten men and singled out the murderer of his brother. He was a gigantic Turk, but undaunted by his size and defiant attitude, Decatur attacked him with all the vigor at his command and succeeded in killing him. Thus did he quickly avenge the murder of his brother, a bright young man, whom he dearly loved.

Following the Tripoli battles Decatur was placed in command of the frigate Constitution, which became famous as "Old Ironsides," and is being carefully preserved as a glorious memorial of the pioneer navy. The next year Decatur sailed for home, and in 1808 was promoted to commodore and assigned to the frigate United States as his flagship, on which he had made his initial cruise in the service of his country.

In the War of 1812 Commodore Decatur captured the British warship Macedonia after a most desperate battle, and for this brilliant victory congress presented him with a gold medal. In 1815, when in command of the President, he encountered the Endymion off Long Island and a fierce fight followed. His men fell thick and fast—killed and wounded; his ship's spars and rigging were shot to pieces; the vessel was almost dismantled; finally her battery was silenced. The Endymion, virtually defeated, dropped out of action when other British vessels came up and prepared to put an end to the President by opening fire. Seeing that further fighting was suicidal, Commodore Decatur surrendered to the British squadron—not to the Endymion, which had been severely punished. He handed his sword to Commodore Hayes who returned it at once as a token of his appreciation of the gallant fight that the President's commander had made. Decatur was paroled on the arrival of the British squadron at the Bermudas and was sent home. A court of inquiry instead of criticizing Decatur praised him and his officers and crew, the verdict being they were worthy of the highest commendation.

Five days after the peace with England was announced the United States declared war against the bey of Algiers, whose pirates had captured an American merchant ship, the Edwin, and sold the crew as slaves.

In two fiercely contested battles with the enemy's navy, whose squadron outnumbered the American fleet, Decatur captured two of the best Algerian vessels, and at once headed for the harbor of Algiers with the intention of attacking the shore fortifications. When the fleet came in sight a messenger with a flag of truce invited Decatur to come ashore to consider a treaty. He refused, and insisted that a treaty, in compliance with his

demands, should be immediately signed. In less than three hours it was "signed, sealed and delivered," and the American prisoners, together with \$10,000 indemnity for the capture of the Edwin and her cargo, were immediately handed over.

A few weeks later the fleet sailed for Tripoli and Tunis, both having violated their treaties and obligations of neutrality. They quickly complied with the terms dictated by Decatur, who received the acclaim of all Europe for breaking up the piracy that has been so boldly carried on by the Barbary states.

Soon after Decatur's return to the United States he was appointed a member of the board of navy commissioners, his colleagues being Commodores Rodgers and Porter. It was at this time that the real trouble between Barron and Decatur originated.

In 1807 Barron was in command of the Chesapeake when she was ordered to leave to by the British man-of-war Leopard to be searched for deserters, the English claiming the right of search although there was no treaty to that effect. Barron refused the demand, but made the mistake of not getting ready for action. The Leopard fired a broadside and continued firing for ten or fifteen minutes. Twenty-two shots struck the Chesapeake, killing or wounding twenty-one members of the crew. Barron himself was wounded. The Chesapeake, owing to unpreparedness and confusion, was unable to fire more than one shot, when Barron lowered his flag. Four men, charged with being English deserters, were taken over to the Leopard, which then sailed away.

Barron was brought before a court of inquiry, of which Decatur was a member. Although the court found Barron only partially to blame for the surrender of his vessel, it sentenced him to five years' suspension. The finding as to Barron's personal conduct virtually acquitted him of cowardice in these words: "No transposition of the specifications, or any other modification of the charges themselves, will alter the opinion of the court as to the firmness and courage of the accused, the evidence being clear and satisfactory."

His sentence expired five months after the breaking out of the War of 1812, but Barron, who was in Europe, did not return to the United States until after the declaration of peace. He then decided to apply for reinstatement, but when his petition came before the commissioners Decatur refused to recommend favorable action. The principal ground of his objection was that Barron had not returned to take part in the war.

Barron, who was reinstated, took exception to certain remarks made by Decatur, who refused to retract but did everything in his power to restore the friendly feeling that had existed between them. A long correspondence followed, but Decatur stood firm. In his replies to Barron's letters he persistently denied that he bore any animosity against him. "Between you and me," Decatur wrote, "there never has been any personal difference, but I have entertained, and do still entertain, the opinion that your conduct as an officer, since the affair of the Chesapeake, has been such as ought to forever bar your readmission to the service."

This stinging rebuke sank deep into the heart of Barron, who finally challenged Decatur. They met on March 22, 1820, at Bladensburg. This small village, in the immediate vicinity of Washington, was the scene of the battle between the Americans and the British in 1814, and became a famous dueling ground. Capt. Jesse Elliott acted as second for Barron and Commodore Bainbridge seconded Decatur. Just before the duel Barron said to Decatur that he hoped to meet him in the next world, and to be better friends than they had been in this. "I have never been your enemy," replied Decatur.

The two men took their stations at eight paces, the distance being shortened two paces owing to the fact that Barron was somewhat near-sighted. At the exchange of shots both were wounded in the right hip. Decatur is reported to have forgiven Barron, but he said that he could not forgive those who had urged him to take his life. "Would to God you had said this yesterday," replied Barron. Decatur died within a few hours and was deeply mourned by the entire nation. Unswerving loyalty to his country was the outstanding principle of his life. It was Decatur who gave utterance to the famous sentiment: "My country—may she ever be right, but, right or wrong, my country!"

Barron soon recovered, and became senior officer of the navy in 1830, but never again was in active service. He lived to be eighty-two years of age, but never fully won back the respect of the public which he had once held.

Improved Uniform International

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (© 1928. Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for July 8

SAUL AND STEPHEN

LESSON TEXT—Acts 22:3,4,19,20; 26:4,5,9-11; 7:54-58.
GOLDEN TEXT—Be thou faithful unto death and I will give thee a crown of life.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Saul's Cruelty to Christian People.
JUNIOR TOPIC—How Saul Persecuted Stephen and Others.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Is Conscience a Safe Guide?
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Stephen's Influence on Saul.

I. Saul's Training (22:3, 4; 25:4, 5, 9-11).

1. Taught to love his own nation (v. 3). He declared, "I am a Jew." Saul was a strict Pharisee. The Pharisees were the nationalists of their day. Being a strict Pharisee he was therefore a patriot. Those who are intelligently loyal to their own nation can most effectively help others.

2. Taught to love God's law (v. 3). "Taught according to the perfect manner of the law of the fathers." Love for the Bible is a valuable asset in life. To be destitute of love and reverence for God's Word is to be out on life's ocean without chart or compass.

3. He was zealous toward God (v. 3).

His heart and soul went out toward God with great enthusiasm. The root meaning of the word "zealous" is "to boil." It means a passion for God and His work. It was zeal for God that made Saul think of and plan for His work.

II. Saul Hears the Voice of Jesus (Acts 22:9, 10).

It was while on his way to Damascus with authority to arrest and imprison Christ's disciples that he heard a voice from heaven saying, "Why persecutest thou Me?" It was this sight of the living Christ that wrought the change in Saul.

III. Saul Thoroughly Conscientious (Acts 26:9, 10).

In his conscientiousness he opposed Jesus, for he regarded Him as an impostor. Saul is to be commended in that he responded to his conscience, but he is condemned for his attitude toward Jesus. Conscience is the law of life for every man, but it needs to be regulated by God's Word.

IV. Stephen's History (6:1-15).

In order to understand the significance of Stephen's martyrdom, a synthetic view should be obtained of his life.

1. Chosen as a deacon (6:1-7). He was one of the seven men appointed to look after the temporalities of the church.

2. Why Stephen was opposed (6:8-15). In his work of charity he testified of Jesus Christ and by the Holy Spirit wrought miracles. These mighty deeds aroused the people. The following features characterized him: (1) Wisdom. He was a man of common sense. (2) Grace. He had a beautiful character. (3) Power. He had the ability to do wonders and great signs, and he spoke the truth effectively. The men who opposed him were not able to resist the wisdom and the spirit by which he spoke. Not being able to withstand him, they arrested and brought him before the great council. Even here they could not silence him by argument, so they decided to do it by violence.

3. Stephen's Martyrdom (7:54-60). Stephen made a magnificent defense before the council. He did by tracing the history of Israel from the call of Abraham to the crucifixion of Christ. His aim was to show that God had never been localized and that the temple was but a small part of God's plan. He did not speak against the temple, but showed that God did not in the full sense dwell in it at any time. This contention he proved from Scripture (Isa. 61:1, 2; 1 Kings 8:27). In his conclusion he declared that the Jews had always resisted the Holy Spirit. Now their stubbornness had reached its culmination in the betrayal, rejection and murder of the Son of God. This charge cut to the heart. His arguments were unanswerable. In this hour of trial God gave him a wonderful vision. He was permitted to look into heaven itself where he beheld the glorified Son of man standing at the right hand of God.

VI. Saul Consenting Unto Stephen's Death (8:1-3).

The very ringleader in this persecution was Saul. Stephen's death is described as falling asleep. Devout men buried him, making great lamentation over him.

Prayer

More things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of.—Tennyson.

The Bible Is a Window

The Bible is a window in this prison-world, through which we may look into eternity.—Timothy Dwight.

A Trustful Soul

The praying life cannot be an anxious life. Patience in prayer means a trustful soul.—John Timothy Stone.

Happiness

Real happiness comes from within. Outside things can never create it. Happiness is a habit.—Ewing.

LEADING RADIO PROGRAMS

(Time given is Eastern Standard; subtract one hour for Central and two hours for Mountain time.)

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Sunday, July 8.

1:00 p. m. Summer Radio Church.
2:00 p. m. Sixty Musical Minutes.
5:00 p. m. Stetson Parade.
6:30 p. m. Capitol Theater.
8:15 p. m. Kent Hour.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

1:00 p. m. Roxy Stroll.
3:00 p. m. The Friendly Hour.
5:30 p. m. Cook's Radio Hour.
6:30 p. m. Anglo Persians.
7:15 p. m. Collier's Hour.

N. J. C. RED NETWORK

Monday, July 9.

7:00 p. m. O'Ceard Shining Hour.
7:30 p. m. A and P Gypsies.
8:30 p. m. General Motels Party.
9:30 p. m. Fisk Boys.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

5:05 p. m. Bossert Orchestra.
6:30 p. m. Roxy's Gang.
8:00 p. m. Riverside Hour.
10:00 p. m. Slumber Music.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Tuesday, July 10.

6:00 p. m. Voters' Service.
6:30 p. m. Soconyland Sketches.
7:30 p. m. Sieberling Singers.
8:00 p. m. Eveready Hour.
8:30 p. m. Int'l. Adv. Ass'n.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

5:05 p. m. Happiness Restaurant Orch.
6:30 p. m. Constitutional High Spots.
7:00 p. m. Stromberg Carlson Hour.
7:30 p. m. Lewisohn Stadium Concerts.
10:00 p. m. Slumber Music.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Wednesday, July 11.

8:00 p. m. Ipana Troubadours.
8:30 p. m. Goodrich Silvertown Orch.
9:30 p. m. National Grand Opera.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

6:00 p. m. Geo. Olsen & His Music.
7:30 p. m. Sylvania Foresters.
8:00 p. m. Philco Hour.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Thursday, July 12.

6:30 p. m. Coward Comfort Hour.
7:30 p. m. Hoover Sentinels.
9:00 p. m. Halsey Stuart Hour.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

8:00 p. m. Maxwell House Hour.
9:30 p. m. The Flt. Soldiers.
10:00 p. m. Michelin Hour.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Friday, July 13.

7:00 p. m. Cities Service Hour.
8:00 p. m. Bourjois, Inc.
9:00 p. m. Palmolive Hour.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

6:30 p. m. Dixies Circus.
7:30 p. m. White Rock Concert.
8:00 p. m. Wrigley Review.

N. B. C. RED NETWORK

Saturday, July 14.

5:00 p. m. Waldorf Astoria Music.
7:30 p. m. Lewisohn Stadium Concerts.

N. B. C. BLUE NETWORK

2:30 p. m. R. C. A. Demonstration Hour.
10:00 p. m. Slumber Music.

The following is a list of stations carrying the above programs:

National Broadcasting company Red Network: WEAF, New York; WEEL, Boston; WTIC, Hartford; WJAR, Providence; WTAG, Worcester; WWSH, Portland, Me.; WLIT and WFL, Philadelphia; WRC, Washington; WGY, Schenectady; WGR, Buffalo; WCAE, Pittsburgh; WTAM and WEAR, Cleveland; WWJ, Detroit; WSAI, Cincinnati; WGN and WLII, Chicago; KSD, St. Louis; WOC, Davenport; WHO, Des Moines; WOW, Omaha; WDAF, Kansas City; WCCO-WRHM, Minneapolis-St. Paul; WTMJ, Milwaukee; KOA, Denver; WHAS, Louisville; WSM, Nashville; WMC, Memphis; WSB, Atlanta; WBT, Charlotte; KVOO, Tulsa; WFAA, Dallas; KPRC, Houston; WOAI, San Antonio; WBAP, Ft. Worth; WJAX, Jacksonville.

National Broadcasting company Blue Network: WJZ, New York; WBZA, Boston; WBZ, Springfield; WBAL, Baltimore; WHAM, Rochester; KDKA, Pittsburgh; WJR, Detroit; WLW, Cincinnati; KYW and WEBB, Chicago; KWK, St. Louis; WREN, Kansas City; WCCO-WRHM, Minneapolis-St. Paul; WTMJ, Milwaukee; KOA, Denver; WHAS, Louisville; WSM, Nashville; WMC, Memphis; WSB, Atlanta; WBT, Charlotte; KVOO, Tulsa; WFAA, Dallas; KPRC, Houston; WOAI, San Antonio; WBAP, Ft. Worth; WR7A, Richmond; WJAX, Jacksonville.

"Twilight Reveries"

"Twilight Reveries," on the air from 4:00 to 5:00 p. m. on Sundays, on the NBC blue network, will present outstanding clergymen from various cities and from abroad, who will deliver a weekly address supplemented by religious music provided by the National Choralists, seven singers of national repute.

WANT ADS

Are you wet or are you dry makes no difference in quality or price of my work. Rug weaving 60 cents per yard. C. L. Sylvester, Mokena, Ill.

FOR SALE—Port Huron threshing machine size 40x64. Will sell conveyor and elevator separately. Louis Laufer, Mokena, Ill. Tel. 23-J1 2p

FOR RENT—My residence in Mokena. Mrs. A. Sutter, Mokena, Ill.

FOR RENT—Two 160 acre farms. Inquire James Fulton, Tinley Park, Ill.

FOR SALE—Guinea eggs and chicks. Wm. Hentsch, Mokena, Ill. 2tp

FOR RENT—Flat with garage in Plainfield, Ill. M. Yunker, Orland Park, Ill. Tel. Orland 52M2 2tc

FOR SALE—P. B. Holstein bull calf 2 months old. Marti & Krusemark, Frankfort, Ill. 2tp

FOR SALE—Buff Rock and White Wyndotte pullets. March hatch. C. B. Koehler, Lockport, Ill. R. I. Tel. Lockport 160 M2 2tp

FOR SALE—8 to 10 weeks old pigs. Marti & Krusemark, Frankfort, Ill. 2tp

FOR SALE—McCormick Deering, Primrose Cream Separator, electric motor attached; used 2 months. Call Frankfort 77J1

FOR SALE—Sow with seven pigs. Wm. Hentsch, Mokena, Ill.

FOR SALE—Three burner Perfection Oil Stove and oven, slightly used. H. Schacht, Mokena, Ill.

TO MAKE APPOINTMENTS FOR Marcelling and finger waving, call Mrs. Bertha LaHue, Frankfort 24R

Insure Now—Lightning, fire and tornado, \$2 per \$100 insurance for 5 year term. List your real estate with me for sale. Have a number of modern homes in Tinley Park for sale now. W. C. Hollstein, Telephone Tinley Park 12-R

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given to all owners of untrimmed hedge fences adjoining public highways, in the Town of Orland, Cook County, Illinois, to trim or cause to be trimmed, said hedge fences, in accordance with the law in such cases, made and provided.

Wm. T. Beagley
Highway Commissioner.
7-6

ORLAND PARK

Mrs. J. H. Schmadeke was hostess at a five course dinner, complimentary to eight teachers from Oak Lawn last Thursday evening.

The Misses Lucile and Adelle Schmadeke have gone on an eastern trip. They visited with their brother and family at Cleveland, Ohio, and from there went to Niagara Falls.

The Orland Park ball team played a rattling good game Sunday, playing the Chopp Builders of Chicago and won with a score of 5 to 3.

Orland Park is looking forward to considerable development. Two new 18 hole golf courses are to be started this summer south of town on the Young farm and on the Harmony farm. This will be a big asset to the community.

Work on laying the new water main extension on 143rd street to Keane avenue has been completed by the contractors, Pronger Bros. The Public Service Company has also finished laying their gas main along this street up to the village. Pipes will be laid from this main to the various streets in the village and this work will require several weeks.

Royal Glahn is clerking in the Clarence Beagley electrical shop.

Considerable repair work and painting has been done on the St. Michael's parsonage.

In spite of the wet Fourth, the annual St. Michael church picnic was held.

The 40 and 8 convalescent soldier's Camp which was recently opened in the woods on the old Morrell farm northwest of town, has quite a number of world war veterans. A number of soldier patients from Oak Forest and from Chicago hospitals have been brought to this camp.

Philip E. Steffen has a number of painting contracts at Oak Lawn on which he is now working.

The bakery sale given by the ladies of the Christ Lutheran church was a big success.

Ray Heald who has been at the Decatur hospital is much improved according to latest reports.

Mrs. Edward Rust, Sr., entertained a number of friends Saturday afternoon in honor of her birthday.

Mrs. Ray Doctor entertained the bunco club last Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Christ Yunker and Mrs. Herman Nicolai who have been patients at the St. Francis hospital, Blue Island, have returned home.

Beginning of Cricket

There are some evidences of a similar game having been played in the Fourteenth century, but it is probable that cricket was not known until some time in the Sixteenth century.

FRANKFORT

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Rehberg, a daughter on Sunday June 24. The following Friday Mrs. Rehberg suffered a stroke of the throat leaving her speechless. Latest reports are she is somewhat improved.

The Frankfort M. E. church will have their picnic at Borman's grove Tuesday afternoon and evening, July 10.

Clarence Heisner who has been ill the past two weeks with scarlet fever is able to be up again.

Mrs. H. Reimers who has been ill but was better is not so well again.

The Brotherhood of St. Peter's church will meet Tuesday evening in the church parlors.

Mrs. Sadie Widup and family of Plainfield, Illinois was a guest in the home of her brother, Henry Dammann.

The Ladies Aid of the Frankfort M. E. church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Daken.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hansen of Plainfield, Illinois were guests in the day in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Warning.

Roy Pfeifer son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pfeifer has been on the sick list.

Philip Knater who has been ill at the Silver Cross hospital is somewhat improved the last few days.

Frank Heisner while working on his farm fell and injured his leg.

Mrs. Herman Johns who was operated on last Monday morning at Silver Cross hospital is improving nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Balchowsky will leave Saturday to visit with their son Edward who is camping in Michigan.

A children's Day program was given at St. Peter's church, Sunday evening, July 1st. A very large attendance was had. The following program was given: Prelude organ; Prayer Rev. G. S. Gerhold; Little Soldiers song by Sunday school; Welcome Lorn Bettenhausen; Duet Clarence and Robert Klepper; Children's Day Thanks, Girls of Laura Dittich class; The Sunday school Banner, Keith Rose; So can little Children too, Virginia Warning; Carol Baumgartner, Betty Voll-rath and Lucille Topp; Children's Day Greetings, Delmar Genens; Song - Such a splendid secret, by Primary Department; The First Children's Day, Elvira Hossbach; Children Joy, Solo part by Janet Baumgartner, and chorus by Evelyn Pfaff's class; Recitation, Jeanette and Warren Heisner; Recitation John Henry Weitendorf; Recitation Robert Elsnier; Its a fact, Corrine Krusemark; Weaving a Garland, Beginner's class, Solo part Francis Heisner; Song by Sunday school, The Children's Friend; If I were Big, Vernon Bobzin; I am just a tiny Rosebud, Carol and Norman Baumgartner; It is Children's Day, Bernilda Stuckey; Violin solo Clarence Klepper; Recitation, Merle Genens; Jolly little Workers, Boys of Laura Dittich class; Recitation, Russell Kohlhaagen; Recitation, Elvira Genens; Playlet, A fresh bouquet for Children's day; Song by congregation, God be with you till we meet again; Benediction.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bettenhausen of Chicago were guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Woeltje.

Charles Peter's visited with his sister Mrs. Nortmeir in Matteson, Friday evening.

Miss Dorothy Herschback and brother Walter are enjoying their vacation in the home of their parents. Miss Dorothy will teach school in Matteson this next term and her brother Walter will attend the University of Illinois at Champaign.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nortmeier of Matteson, Ill., a son June 28. Mrs. Nortmeier before her marriage was Miss Martha Peters of Frankfort.

Mr. and Mrs. John Clark were entertained Thursday evening in the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Clark at a 6 o'clock dinner in honor of the first wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Clark of Chicago.

The St. Peter's church of Green Garden will hold their annual church picnic on the grounds near the church next Sunday, July 8. A program will be given in the afternoon and evening. Supper will be served.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Knippel entertained guests from Chicago the past week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Dammann was damaged by fire early Sunday morning when the house to the east of it was burned to the ground.

SHOE REPAIRING

I will repair shoes as usual at the old stand formerly run by my father, in Mokena, I will take care of all our old friends and customers as usual.

Will be here every afternoon.
HENRY LEONHARDT

Advertise
—It in—
this Paper

First Methods of Cooking.

Roasting in earth ovens and boiling by placing hot stones in earthenware vessels were prehistoric means of cooking food.

TINLEY PARK

The Methodist Sunday school of Tinley Park will hold their Sunday school picnic this Sunday starting at noon at the Forest Preserve east of Orland Park.

The Zion Lutheran picnic will be held in the Vogt grove 1-2 mile east of town, Sunday July 15. A big time assured for all.

The bakery sale held by the Garden club was a big success.

Mrs. C. A. Steinhagen had a big birthday celebration on the fourth of July. A large number of relatives were present.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Chrystal, a daughter.

Master Emery Fulton and sister Fern celebrated their birthdays last Saturday.

Rev. Albert Buddenhagen has returned from a trip to Peoria.

The 500 club was entertained by Grandma Hick Wednesday.

The old landmark on the corner of Linden and Thornton (Koehler's corner) has been purchased and removed by Mr. Kampe.

BACHELORS GR LUTH. CHURCH

Wm. Greve, Pastor

English services with Holy Communion will be held next Sunday, July 8. Preparatory services will begin at 9:30 a. m. standard time.

The Mission Festival will be held on Sunday, July 29, German and English addresses in forenoon and afternoon. The Ladies Aid will be entertained next Thursday by Mrs. Catherine Schilling at Tinley Park.

Mr. W. H. Schmidt and family, teacher at Bachelors Grove are spending their vacation at Farmington, Mo., and Jacksonville, Ill.

Mrs. Brodthun has been on the sick list.

The Smiling Thru bunco club met and played at the home of Mrs. W. Clemens last Thursday.

While riding his motor cycle during the fourth of July parade, police chief George Smith got in contact with the siren and the tip of the forefinger on the left hand was cut off.

The Lions Club will meet next Monday night.

CHANCERY NOTICE

State of Illinois, County of Will, ss. Circuit Court of Will County, September Term, A. D. 1928.

Milton C. Geuther vs.

Allen Denny, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Allen Denny, deceased; Polly Denny, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Polly Denny, deceased; Eliza P. Wilcox, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Eliza P. Wilcox, deceased; Eliza Wilcox, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Eliza Wilcox, deceased; Zenos W. Ingram, the unknown wife or widow of Zenos W. Ingram, deceased; the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Z. W. Ingram, deceased; O. S. Ingram, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of O. S. Ingram, deceased; Henry Tilts, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Henry Tilts, deceased; the unknown wife or widow of Henry Tilts; Henry Teles, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Henry Teles, deceased; Anna Teles, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Anna Teles, deceased; Conrad Schenkel, the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of Conrad Schenkel, deceased; the unknown wife or widow of Conrad Schenkel; Conrad Schenkel, and the unknown owner or owners of, and the unknown heirs, legatees and devisees of any deceased person who may have been interested previous to his or her death, in the following described real estate, or any part or parcel thereof, viz: The North two and one-half (2½) acres of Block seven (7), in Denny's Third Addition to Mokena, located on the West half of the South West quarter of Section eight (8), in Township thirty-five (35) North and in Range twelve (12), East of the Third Principal Meridian, the South line of said two and one-half (2½) acres to run parallel with the North line of said Block seven (7), excepting therefrom that part thereof conveyed to the Board of Trustees of the Village of Mokena, for street purposes, by warranty deed dated November 29, 1924, recorded in Book 626, Page 353; also excepting therefrom that part thereof conveyed to Philip E. Hacker, by warranty deed dated December 3, 1924, recorded in Book 509, Page 408, and also excepting therefrom that part thereof conveyed to Harvey Frick by warranty deed dated November 29, 1924, recorded in Book 509, Page 407, situated in Will County, Illinois.

Bill in Chancery, No. 35273.

Notice is hereby given to each and all of the above named defendants, that the above named complainant heretofore filed his bill of complaint in said Court on the Chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against the above named defendants, returnable on the first day of the Term of the Circuit Court of Will County, to be held at the Court House in the City of Joliet, in said Will County, on the third Monday of September A. D. 1928, as is by law required, and which suit is still pending.

Paul V. Wunder, Clerk.

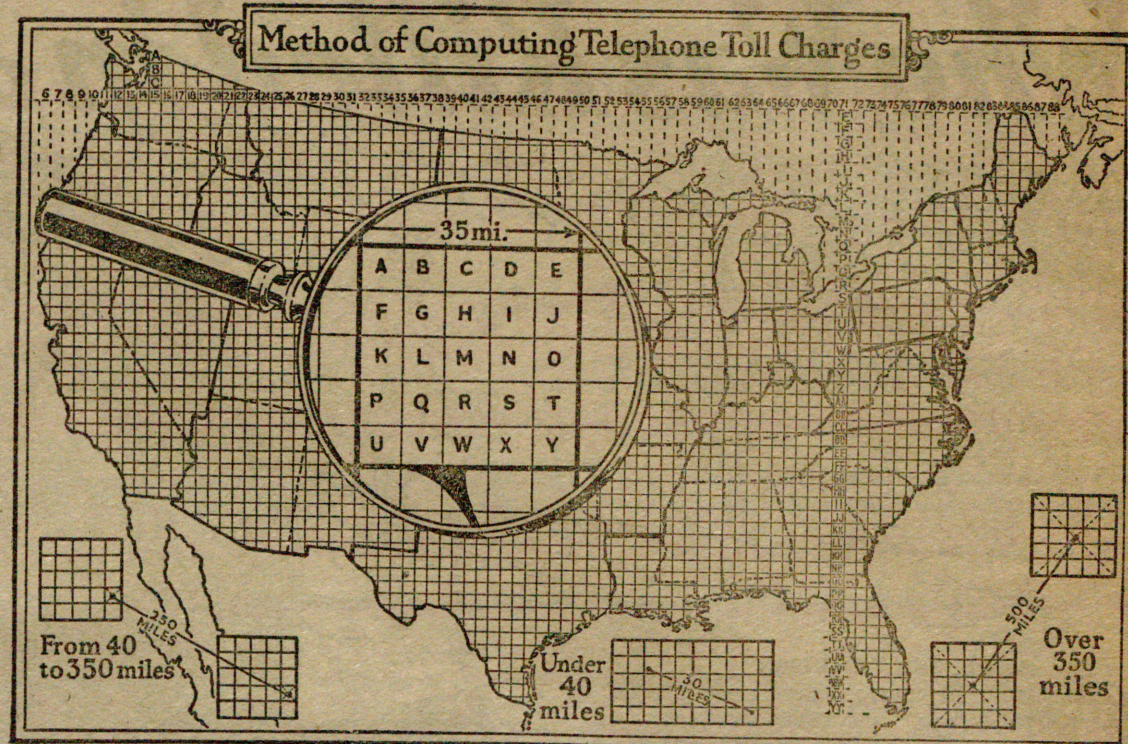
Hjalmar Rehn and H. Howard Schluntz, Complainant's Solicitors. Joliet, Ill., July 3rd, A. D. 1928.

6-13-20.

Blessed Sleep

Now, blessings light on him that first invented sleep. It covers man all over, thoughts and all, like a cloak. Christopher Marlowe.

Any Bell System Toll Operator Can Give Toll Rate to Any Point Promptly



By J. B. O'BRIEN

Any telephone toll operator throughout the Bell System can quote any one of seven billion charges without delay. These rates are to any one of the 18,000,000 telephones connected by the toll lines of the Bell System and its connecting companies. Naturally, the question arises as to how these girls are able to quote these rates to any part of the country within so short a time.

At first sight, it seems like a complex problem and its simplification from the old days when the computation of toll rates was sometimes a long and tedious task is due, in large part, to the achievements of the Commercial engineers. For toll rate methods have gone forward with other developments of the telephone art, with the result that operators nowadays can quote rates in any part of the country with the utmost confidence in the accuracy of the figures.

All toll rates are based upon the air line distance between two points, and for the purpose of determining these rates, the United States and the Dominion of Canada has been divided into sections 35 miles square. These sections have then been further subdivided into 25 blocks, each of which is 7 miles square. Thus, there is a uniformity of size for each block in each section so that the same methods of figuring rates prevail throughout the entire country. Toll operators,

of course, are thoroughly familiar with the block and section rate charts.

The sections on these charts are lettered from north to south and are numbered from east to west, with the result that each section is, therefore, designated by a combination of letter and numbers. Thus, the city of Minneapolis, for example, is in block "u" of section "M 53" and, accordingly, is written "M 53-u."

Toll rates are computed in three ways. In communities that are within forty miles of each other, the station-to-station rate is determined by measuring the air line distance between them. When points are more than forty miles apart, but not over approximately 350 miles, the rate is determined on the air line distance between the centers of the seven mile blocks included within the 35 mile sections. Finally, for places separated by more than 350 miles, the rate is based on the air line distance between the centers of the 35 mile sections.

To determine a rate, the operator has to figure the rate between the subdivision within the various sections, or between the sections themselves. For her convenience, rate charts are printed in the form of a grid, rates being shown in red ink in each square. In addition, there is a list distributed throughout the Bell System which contains the name of each point in

the United States with its block number, so that an operator referring to this list and the various charts may secure, within a fraction of a minute, any one of the 7,225,000,000 rates available.

The operators also are provided with a table of computed charges for use in determining charges on conversations lasting more than the initial period. Similar tables are provided showing the rate for person-to-person, messenger, appointments, evening and night service.

The uniformity with which Long Distance telephone rates are based on air line distances, and the facility with which operators are enabled to quote such rates, is an important factor contributing to the constant increase in the use of Long Distance service in this country.

Foolish Man

Primitive man in this age has been described as one that enjoys all the modern inventions for increasing comfort and won't spend ten minutes mending them when they get out of order.

First Formal Republic

On January 14, 1639, occurred the adoption of the first written constitution known to the history of the world. This event took place at Hartford, Conn., and was the first formal republic made up of people of three early towns in the valley.

MOKENA

Henry Leonhardt of Joliet is going to keep up the shoe repair shop conducted formerly by his father, Fred Leonhardt who died a week ago.

Miss Schwandt of Chicago is visiting with Mokena friends.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kreis, a daughter at the Silver Cross hospital, Joliet Thursday.

Clifford and Clyde Knudson expect to leave Sunday on an auto trip to New York.

SHOE REPAIRING

I will repair shoes as usual at the old stand formerly run by my father, in Mokena, I will take care of all our old friends and customers as usual.

Will be here every afternoon.
HENRY LEONHARDT

Nobleman Served America

Claude Henri, Count de Saint-Stimon, the founder of French socialism, served as a volunteer in the American Revolution. His noble birth prevented his taking an active part in the French revolution, which he favored.

RAYON VOILE DINNER GOWN



FILMY AND FASHIONABLE IS THE RAYON VOILE DINNER GOWN WORN BY LOVELY BETTY MAR. WITH ITS DROOPING HELM LINE AND Dainty, MODERNISTIC FLORAL DESIGN, SPRING IS TYPIFIED. MISS MAR'S JEWELS, TOO, ARE MODERNISTIC.

The White Store

401 407 CASS STREET, JOLIET

Specials on
Straw hats at 98c

10 Lbs. Pure cane

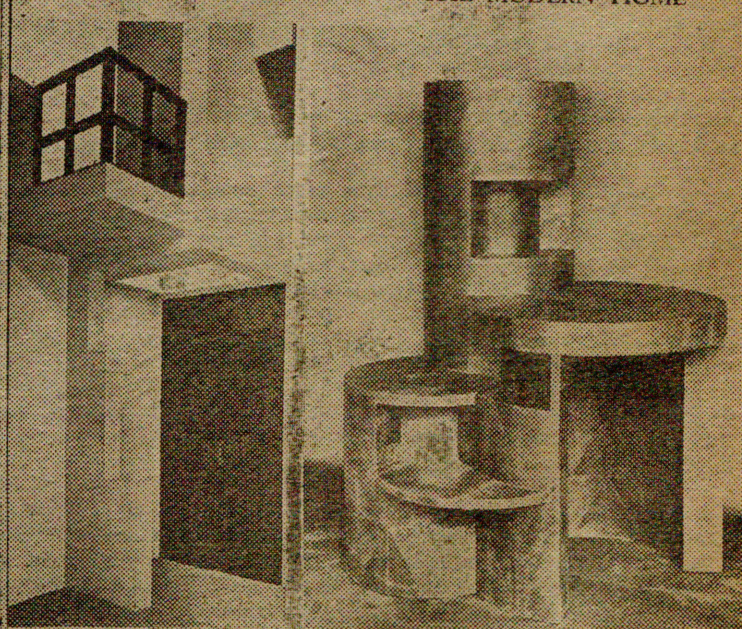
Sugar 49c

With Purchase of \$3.50 or over in the Grocery Department

Four Best Produced 24 Pound Sack 49

With Purchase of \$3.50 or over in the Grocery Department

MODERN FURNITURE FOR THE MODERN HOME



THE TRULY MODERN HOME WITH ITS MODERNISQUE FURNITURE SHOWS THE GREAT DEMAND BY MANUFACTURERS AND INTERIOR DECORATORS FOR ALPINA REPTILE SKIN. AT THE LEFT IS A NOOK IN THE MODERN HOME WITH A DOOR PANELED IN ALPINA REPTILE SKIN. AT THE RIGHT IS A COMBINATION WHAT YOU MAY CALL IT, CONVERTIBLE INTO SIDEBORD, BOOK-SHELF OR TABLE, ENTIRELY COVERED WITH ALPINA SNAKE SKIN.